



义务教育教科书

英语

ENGLISH

五年级 上册

(一年级起点)



北京出版社



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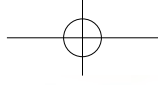
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北京教育科学研究院 编



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前言

亲爱的同学们：

欢迎和我们一起进入英语世界！

英语在世界上使用广泛，在日常生活中我们也经常会用到。你了解这种语言吗？你想知道讲英语国家的人有什么样的生活习惯，过什么样的节日吗？学习英语，能让我们交到更多的朋友，学到更多的知识，得到更多的快乐！让我们和书里的小伙伴们一起说、一起玩、一起唱，一起走进这个奇妙的英语世界吧！

本册教材适用于小学五年级上学期，主要板块与栏目说明如下：



Listen and say 听听书里的小伙伴是如何用英语对话的，学一学，然后自己试一试。

Listen, look, and learn 听一听，看一看，找找规律学一学。

Listen and choose 听对话，做一做，看看自己听懂了多少。

Let's do 想一想，做一做，尝试把语言用一用。



Now I can understand 听一听，做一做，看看自己听懂了多少。

Now I can say 想一想，看图和小伙伴一起说一说。

Now I know the sound 听一听，想一想，试着按照发音规律读一读。

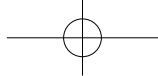
Now I can read 读一读小短文，看看能读懂多少。

Now I can write 读一读，选一选，按照要求写一写。

复习单元

这个单元里有很多有趣的英语活动，看看自己能完成多少，对自己的学习做个自我评价吧！

希望你们喜欢这套教材，爱上英语学习！



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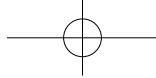
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UNIT ONE

WHICH DO YOU LIKE BETTER?

Lesson 1

Listen and say

Look at all the food here in the supermarket! Meat, fish, and chicken.

FOOD

Chicken or fish, which do you like better, Lingling?

I like fish better. It's yummy.

Meat is my favourite. I like chicken, too.

Here's a bottle of juice for you.

DRINKS

No, thank you. I like water better.

OK. Here's a bottle of water.

Let's go and pay.

Listen, look, and learn

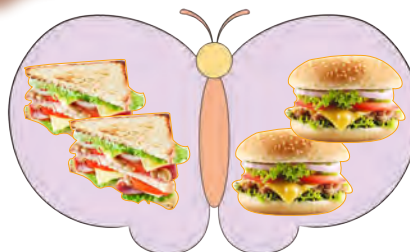
— Chicken or fish, which do you like better?

— I like fish better.



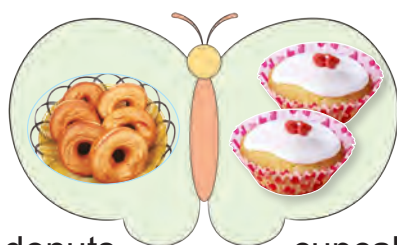
chicken

fish



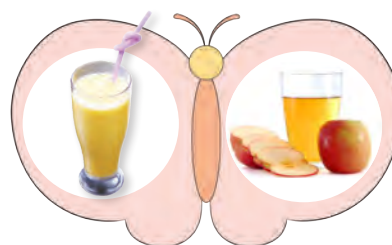
sandwiches

hamburgers



donuts

cupcakes



milk shake

apple juice

Listen and choose

1.





2.





Let's do

What is your favourite food? What is your favourite drink?

Name	Food	Drink
Wang Fang	chicken	orange juice

Lesson 2

Listen and say



Lesson 2

Listen, look, and learn

- Which class do you like best?
- I like **English** best. I do best in **English**.

English



PE



Chinese



calligraphy



science



art

Listen and tick

	Chinese	Maths	English	Science	PE	Music
Monday						
Tuesday						
Wednesday						
Thursday						
Friday						

Let's do

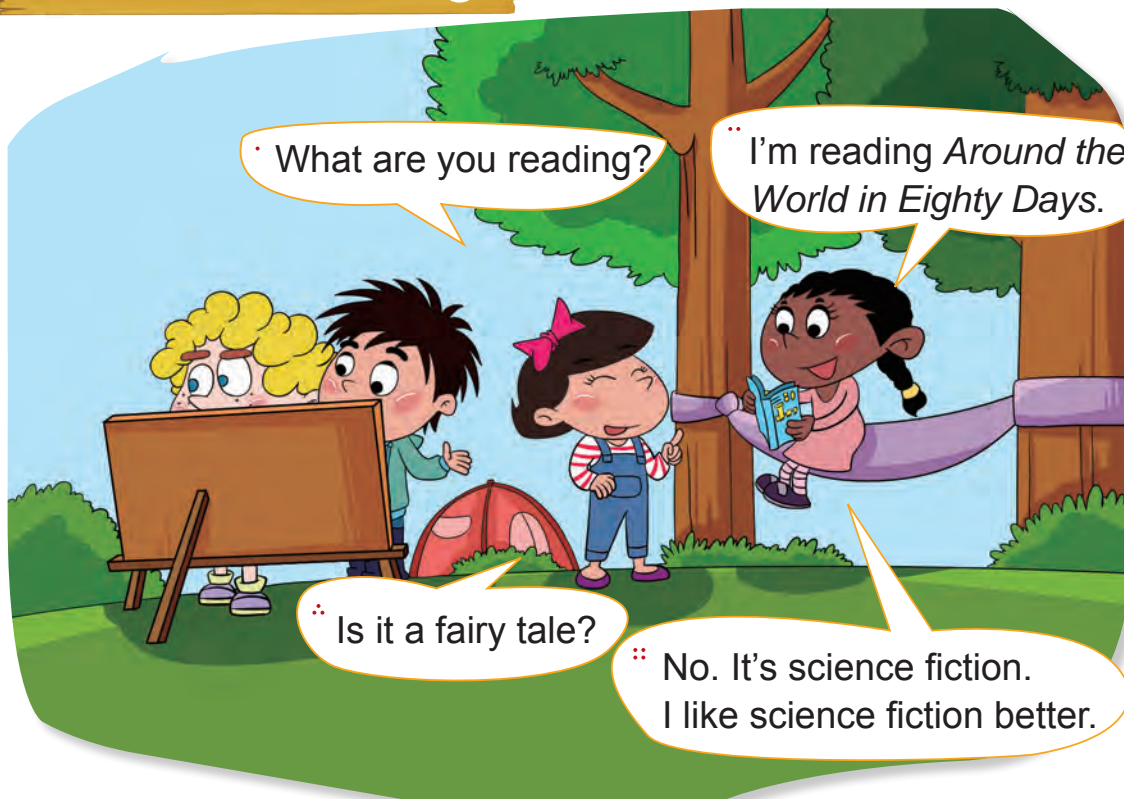
What is your timetable?
Write a sentence about
your favourite subject.

*... is my favourite subject.
I like ... best.*

	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thur	Fri
1					
2					
3					
4					
5					
6					
7					

Lesson 3

Listen and say



Listen, look, and learn

I like **reading**, but I like **drawing** better.



reading



drawing



keeping birds



growing flowers



throwing beanbags



jumping rope

Listen and choose

1.



2.



3.



Let's do

Ask your friends what activities they like better. Write one or two sentences about their answers.

Activity	Better
Reading / Drawing	
Swimming / Skating	
Singing / Dancing	
...	

Mingming likes reading better. He reads a lot of books.

Lesson 4

Now I can understand

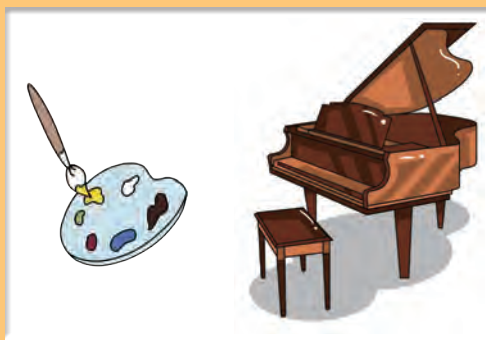


Listen and choose.

1.



2.



Now I can say



Which ... do you like best?



Now I know the sound



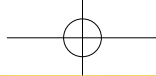
J

jacket jeans jeep jam jungle jar joy
journey job join enjoy subject

Jack enjoyed his journey to the jungle by jeep.

If Jane joins us, she'll get a lot of joy from this job.

Jeff enjoyed that jar of jam.



Lesson 4

Now I can read



Yangyang likes English and he does best in English. Sara likes maths because it is useful. Chinese is Lingling's favourite subject and she does best in Chinese.

Read and answer.

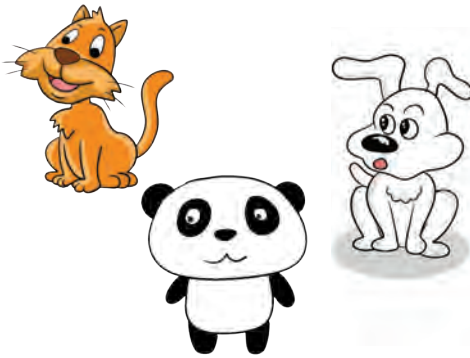
Who likes Chinese best?

Children love to read stories and fairy tales. Sara loves science fiction better than the other two kinds. Mike likes reading, too, but he loves drawing better. He draws different animals.

Read and answer.

Which kind of books does Sara love better?

Now I can write



I like cats.

I like dogs better.

I like pandas best.

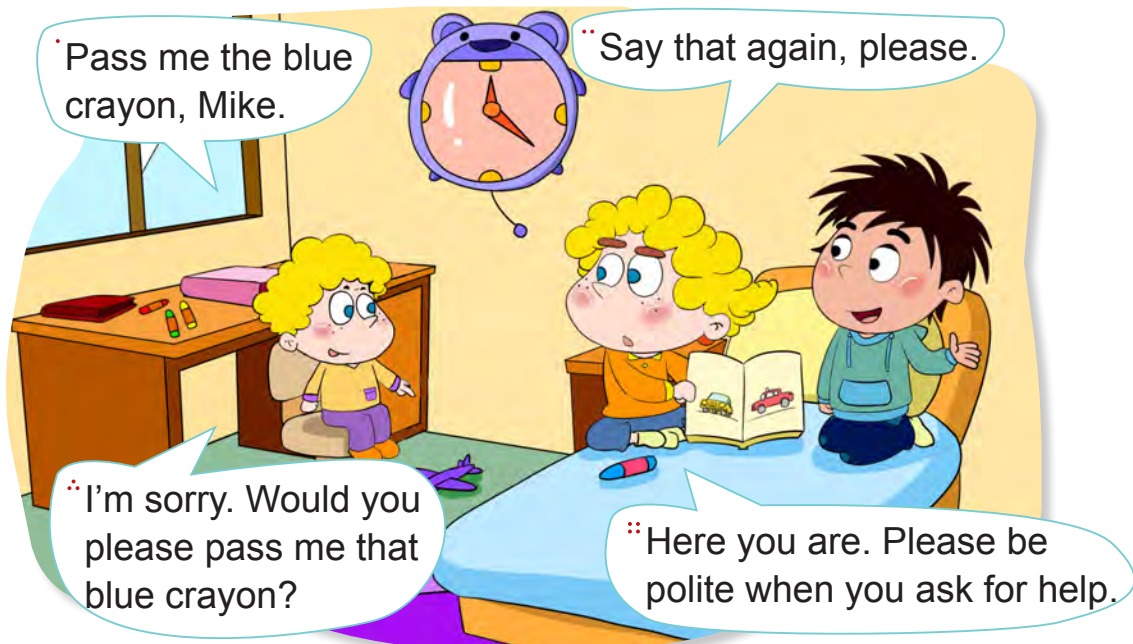


UNIT TWO

CAN I USE YOUR COMPUTER?

Lesson 5

Listen and say



Listen, look, and learn

- Would you like to **come to my house**?
- Sorry I can't. I must **stay at home**.

come to my house



stay at home



walk the dog



tidy my room

Listen and choose

1.



2.



Let's do

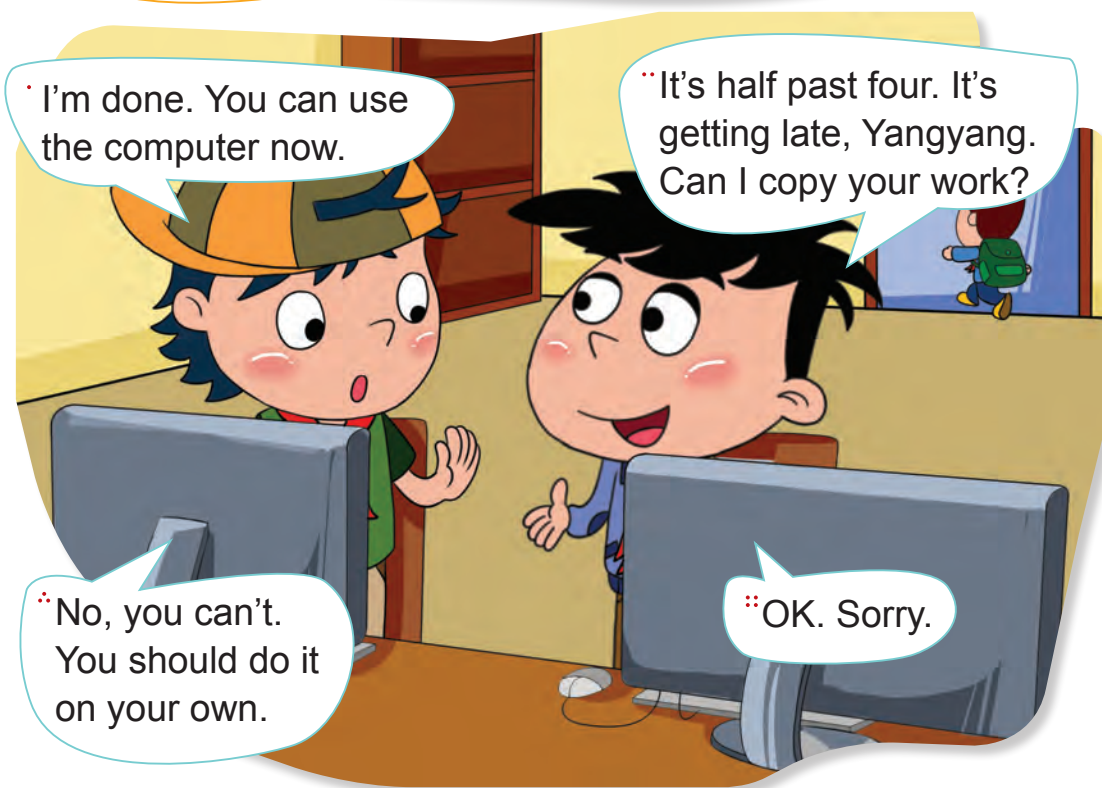
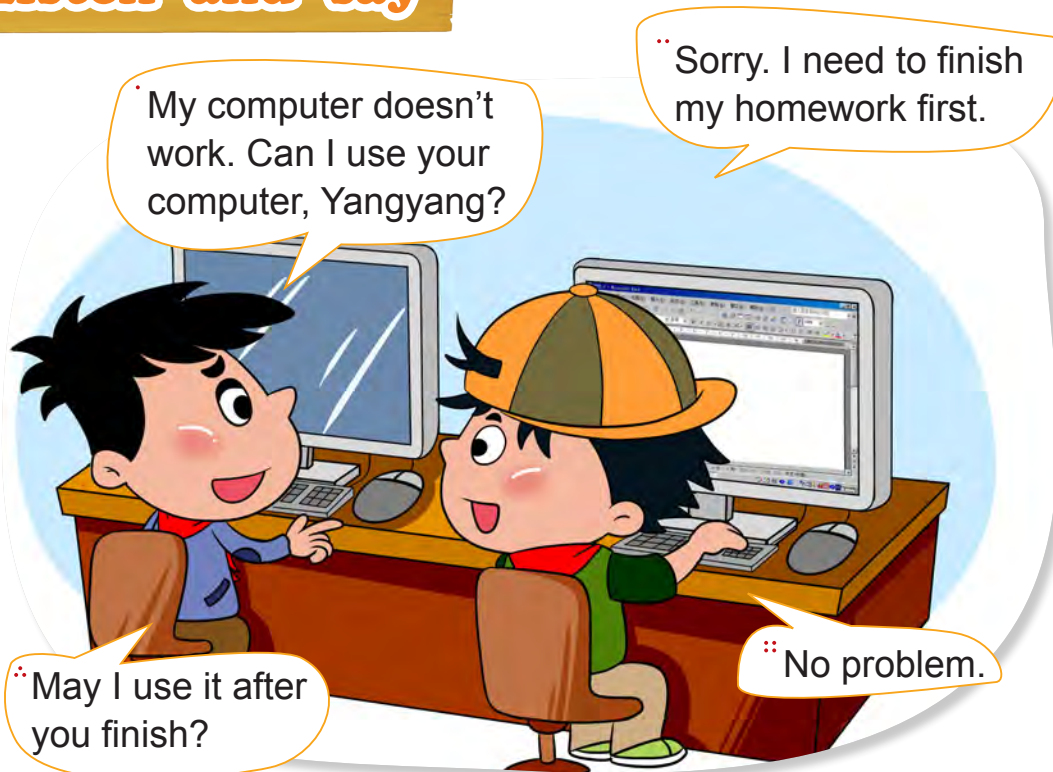
Ask for help politely.

Hold the books for me, Cat.
Open the door for me, Ant.
Get the kite for me, Monkey.



Lesson 6

Listen and say



Listen, look, and learn


- Can I use your computer?
- Sorry. I need to finish my homework first.



I need to finish my homework first.
It's not for you.
It's raining outside.
Dad is watching the news.



use your computer
open the gift box
go out and play
watch the cartoons




Listen and choose

- 


- 


- 



Let's do

May I use ... ?

Sure. Here you are. /
Sorry, but you can't,
because ...



Lesson 7

Listen and say



Listen, look, and learn

— The windows are dirty. Shall we clean them this afternoon?
 — Yes, let's.

the windows / dirty



clean

the bike / broken



fix

the plants / dry



water

Listen and number



Let's do

Talk and write about what we should do.



The plant is dry.
Let's water it.



Lesson 8

Now I can understand



Listen and number.









Now I can say



Would you like to ... ?



Sorry, ...

Now I know the sound



K

key kitchen king kid kite
 basket blanket like make take
 drink milk ask

The king asked the kid to make him a kite.

Ken took the key and put it in the basket.

Did Kate drink half a kilo of milk?



Lesson 8

Now I can read



Mike often goes to Baobao's house. They like doing things together, but Mike cannot go today because he must stay at home and wait for his brother. So Baobao will go to Mike's house.

Read and answer.

Why can't Mike go to Baobao's house?

The windows are dirty. Maomao's mother and father will clean them in the afternoon. Maomao should tidy his room, water the plants, and wash his socks. Their house will soon look clean and tidy.

Read and answer.

What should Maomao do?

Now I can write



homework pass finish dirty
ask wash must

My mother is always nice. She never says, "You must do your _____ before you go out to play. You _____ also tidy your room. You must _____ your socks." But, she says, "Would you _____ your homework first? Would you please wash your _____ clothes? Could you _____ the book to your little brother?" She is a good example for me. We should be kind to others and we should be polite when we _____ for help.



UNIT THREE

CAN YOU TELL ME MORE ABOUT THE MID-AUTUMN FESTIVAL?

Lesson 9

Listen and say



Listen, look, and learn

- When is the Mid-Autumn Festival?
- It's on the **fifteenth day of the eighth month** in the Chinese calendar.



the Mid-Autumn Festival



the Double Ninth Festival

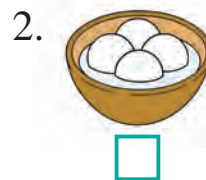
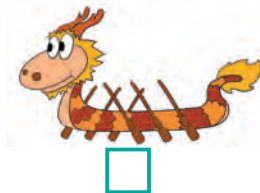
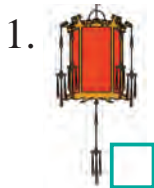


the Lantern Festival



the Dragon Boat Festival

Listen and choose



Let's do

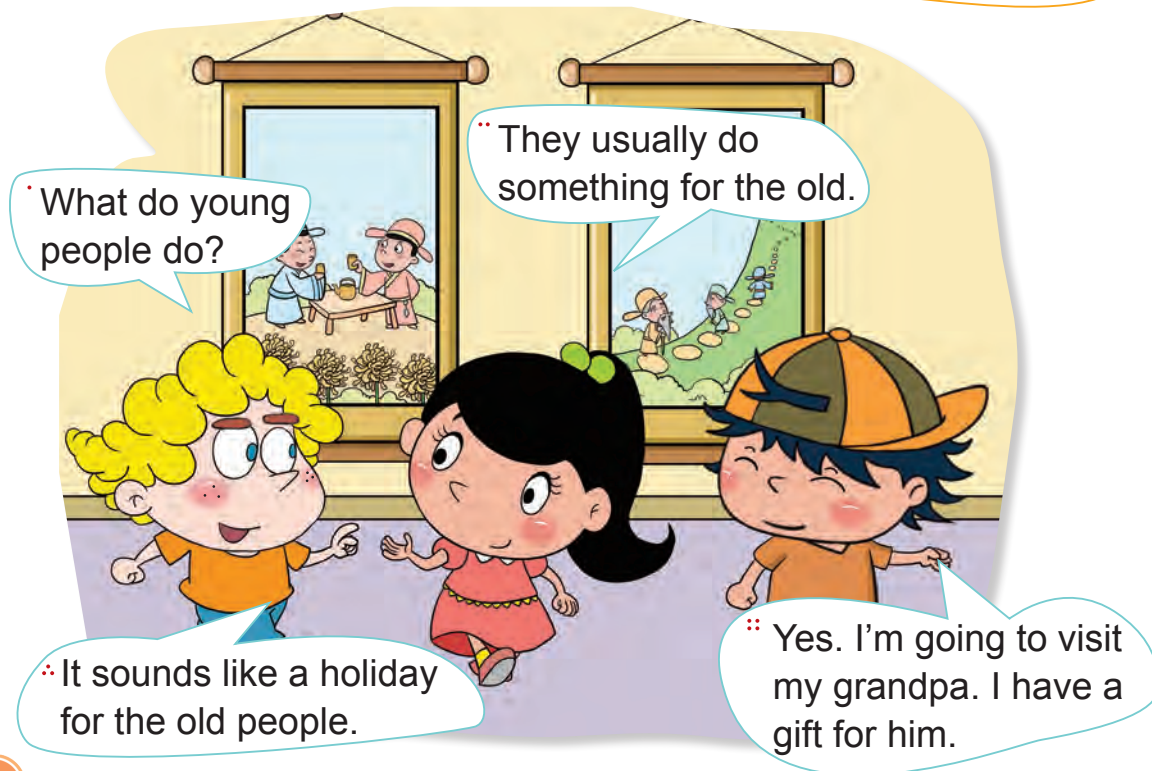
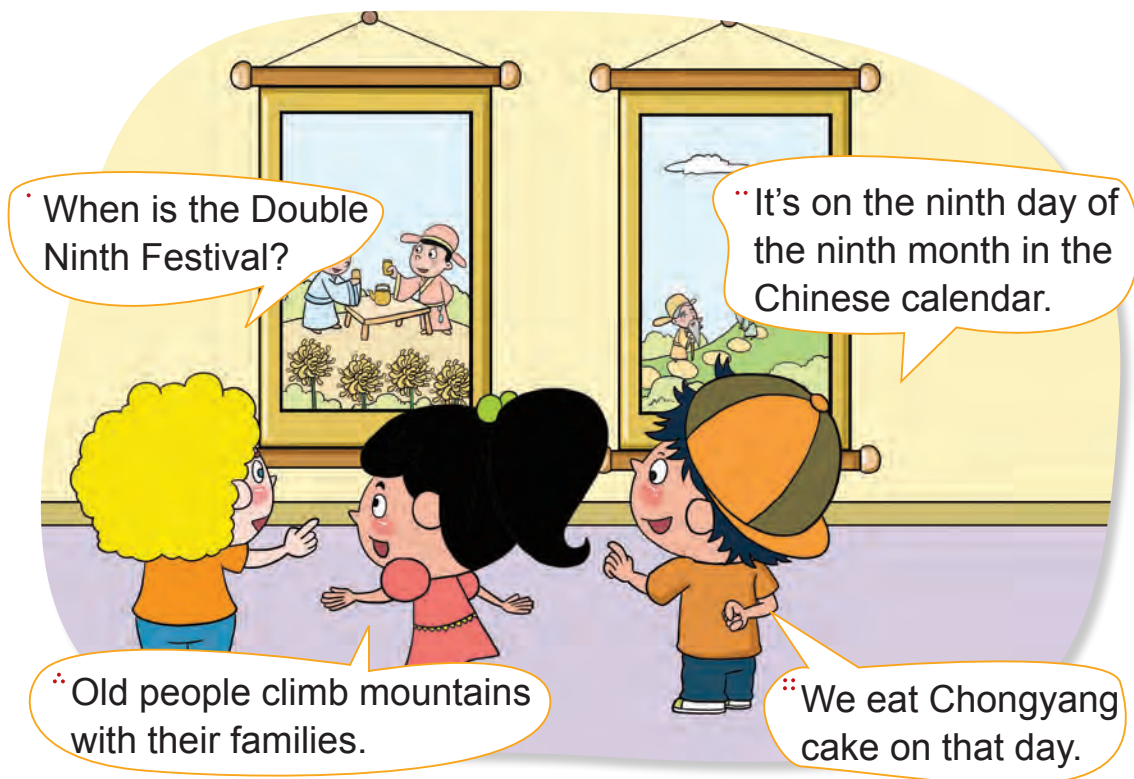
Find the following dates on this year's calendar.

The Mid-Autumn Festival is on ... this year.



Lesson 10

Listen and say



Listen, look, and learn

We eat Chongyang cake on that day.

Chongyang cake



jiaozi



zongzi



yuanxiao



Listen and decide

- 1. The two kids are talking about the Chinese Lantern Festival.
- 2. The Lantern Festival is on the fifteenth day of the first month in the Chinese calendar.

Let's do

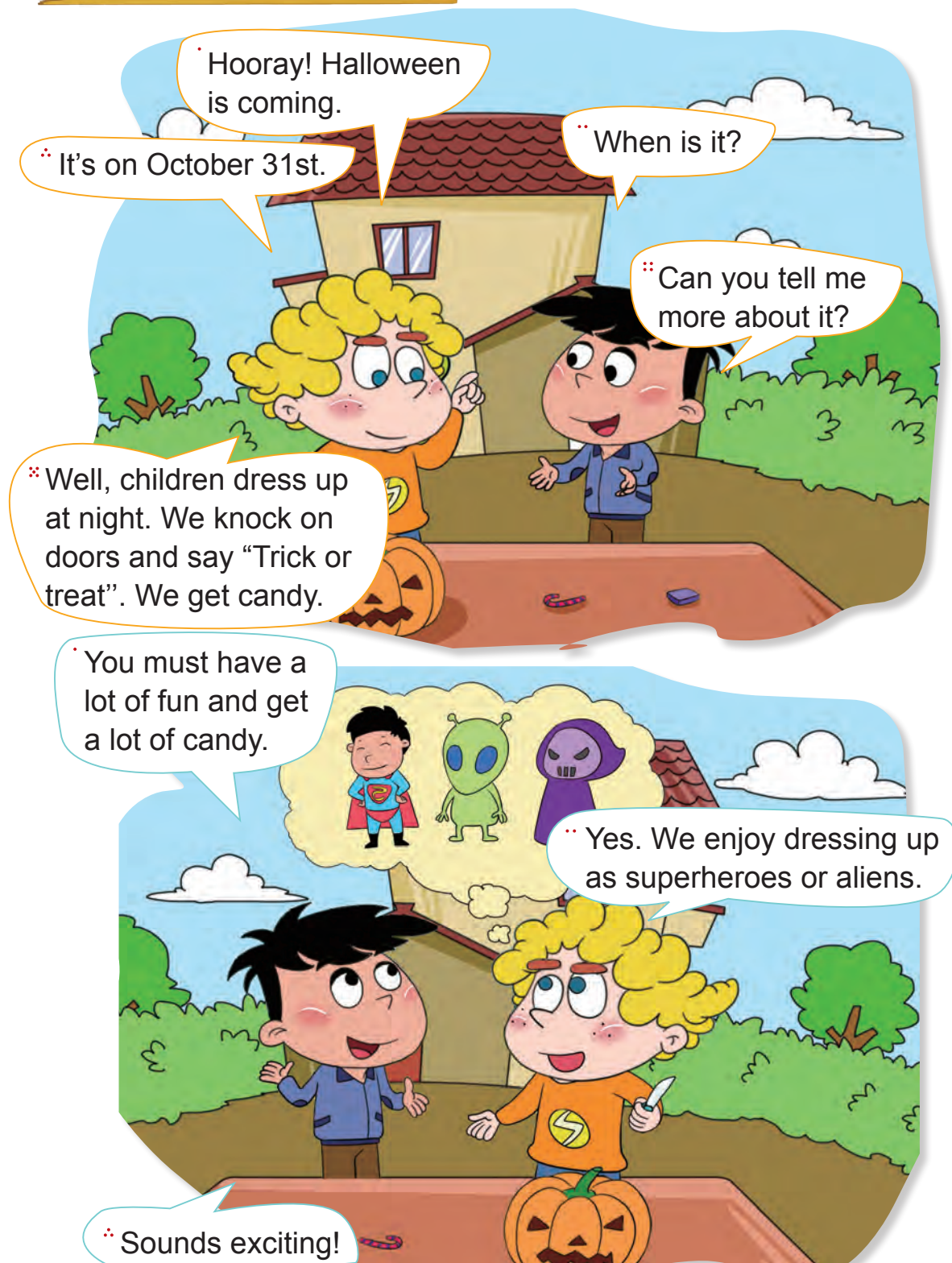
Talk and write about what you will do on the Double Ninth Festival.



I will visit my grandparents.

Lesson 11

Listen and say



Listen, look, and learn

- Can you tell me more about Halloween?
- Children dress up at night and knock on doors for candy.



Halloween

Children dress up at night and knock on doors for candy.



the Dragon Boat Festival

People have dragon boat races and eat *zongzi*.



Thanksgiving

Families get together and eat turkey.



Easter

Children have an Easter egg hunt.

Listen and number









Let's do

What will you dress up as at Halloween?

Can you draw a picture?

I'd like to be an alien.

I want to be

I will be



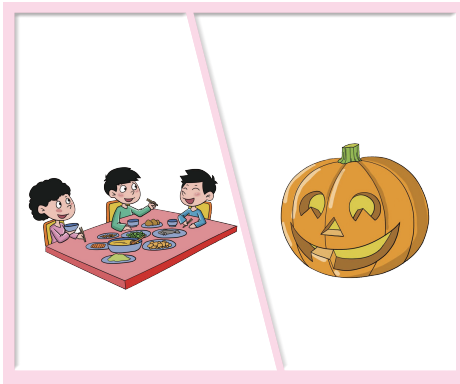
Lesson 12

Now I can understand

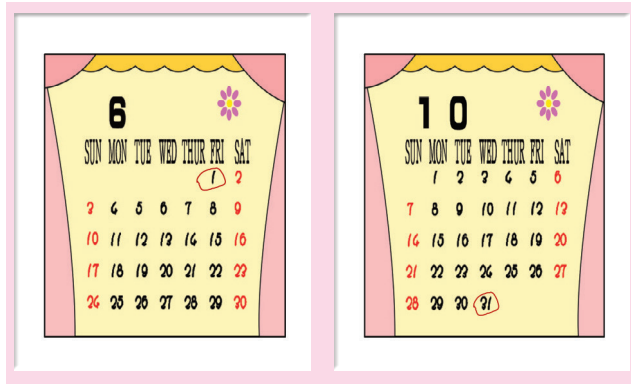


Listen and tick.

1.



2.



Now I can say



Can you tell me more about ... ?



It's

Now I know the sound



L

little lamb leave lady lake

July old play gold eleven holiday help police

hill girl April model

Lily and the little lamb are playing on the hill.

Lance will leave on the eleventh of July for London.

I am glad Lily helped the old lady across the lake.

Now I can read



The Mid-Autumn Festival is in the middle of autumn. It is a special day for the Chinese people. The whole family gets together and they have a big dinner. They enjoy the bright full moon in the evening. They also eat moon cakes and fruits.

Americans have Halloween on October 31st. Children dress up at night. They go from house to house. They knock on doors and say "Trick or treat". They get a lot of candy.

Read and decide.

- () 1. People eat moon cakes on the Spring Festival.
- () 2. Children knock on doors and say "Trick or treat" on Thanksgiving.

Now I can write



autumn climb dress night as

Double Ninth Festival is in late _____.
Every year, we _____ mountains together
with our grandpa.



On Halloween _____, I will
_____ up _____ E.T., and go for
"trick or treat".

UNIT FOUR

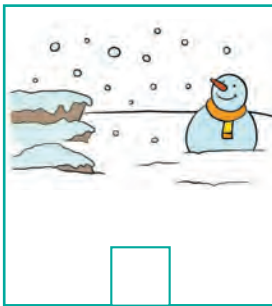
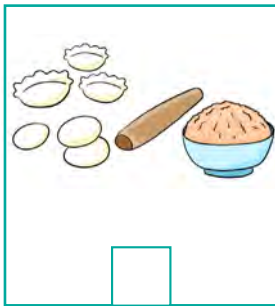
REVISION

Lesson 13

Do you understand?



Listen and number.



Can you talk?



I like singing better. I sing a lot of songs.

...

drawing pictures

reading books



Can you write?

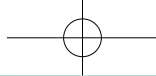


Chinese
English
maths
drawing
fish
moon cakes
room

easy
useful
interesting
sweet
yummy
clean
bright

I like maths because maths is useful.

I like ... because ...




LESSON 13

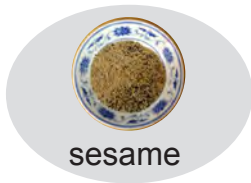
Can you do?



1. Help your parents make *tangyuan* for the Lantern Festival.

We need:

- 1) sticky rice flour (糯米粉) 
- 2) filling: sesame, red bean paste, and Chinese date paste



sesame





red bean



Chinese date

Steps:

- 1) Add water into the sticky rice flour and make a dough (面团).
- 2) Cut the dough into small pieces and flatten them.
- 3) Put a bit of the filling on a piece of dough and close it up. Make the whole thing into a ball. 
- 4) When you finish all the *tangyuan* balls, cook them in boiling water. 

2. Write a few sentences to tell about *tangyuan*.

Which kinds of filling do you like?	
Which kinds of filling do you like better?	
What do they taste like?	
At which festival do we eat them?	
Can you tell more about this festival?	

Can you read and write?



The noise of firecrackers sends away the old year,
The spring breeze brings warmth into cottages.
The bright rosy sun glows over thousands of houses,
New peach wood charms replace the old ones for good luck.



爆竹声中一岁除，
春风送暖入屠苏。
千门万户曈曈日，
总把新桃换旧符。

As a lonely stranger in a strange land,
At every holiday my homesickness increases.
Far away, I know my brothers have reached the peak,
They are planting flowers, but one is not present.



独在异乡为异客，
每逢佳节倍思亲。
遥知兄弟登高处，
遍插茱萸少一人。

Task 1

Can you say which holiday each poem is about? Match it with the festival.

Poem 1

Poem 2

- the Mid-Autumn Festival
- the Dragon Boat Festival
- the Double Ninth Festival
- the Spring Festival
- Tomb-sweeping Day

Task 2

Some poems have rhymes. Can you pair the following lines?

The greatest time of the year,

Sing hey! Sing hey!

May all your dreams come true;

Tonight is the night when pumpkins stare,

N for neighbours and November,

For Christmas Day.

Through sheaves and leaves everywhere.

May you have a happy New Year, too.

At this nice, joyful time of year.

Nice things, new things to remember.

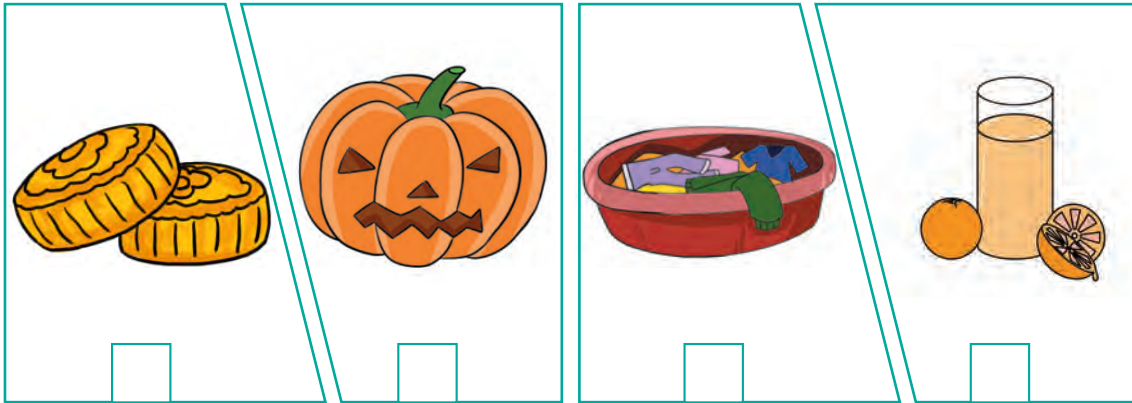


Lesson 14

Do you understand?



Listen and number.



Can you talk?



Children dress up on Halloween.

...

- candy
- trick or treat
- October



Can you write?



It's the Spring Festival.

We eat jiaozi.

We go to the Spring Festival Fair.

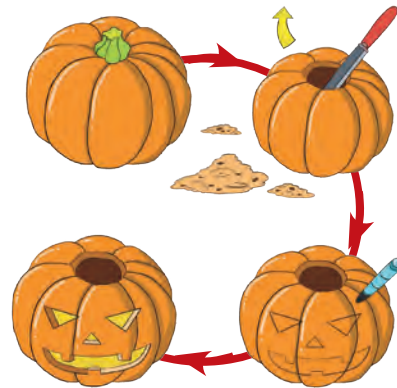


Can you do?



1. Follow the steps to make a jack-o'-lantern for Halloween.

- 1) Prepare a pumpkin.
- 2) Cut the pumpkin open with a knife and take out the inside.
- 3) Use a pencil to draw a scary face on the pumpkin.
- 4) Use a knife to cut out the shape.



2. Write a few sentences about your jack-o'-lantern.

My jack-o'-lantern

My pumpkin has a ... face. The eyes are in the shape of
The nose is in the shape of We make jack-o'-lanterns for
... .

Can you read and write?

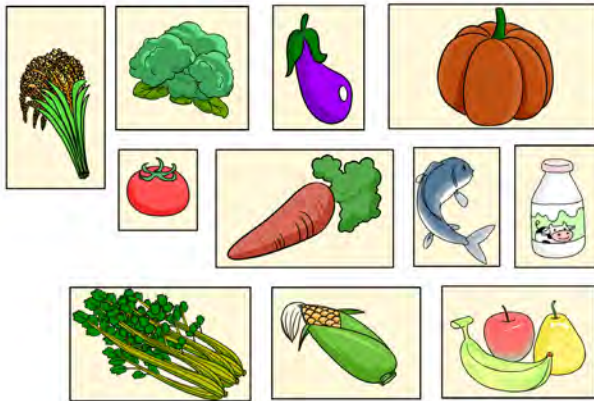


Good and Bad Foods

A well-known saying goes “You are what you eat”. It really means that if you eat good foods, you will be healthy. If you eat bad foods, like potato chips, you certainly will not be healthy and fit. Which foods are good for you?

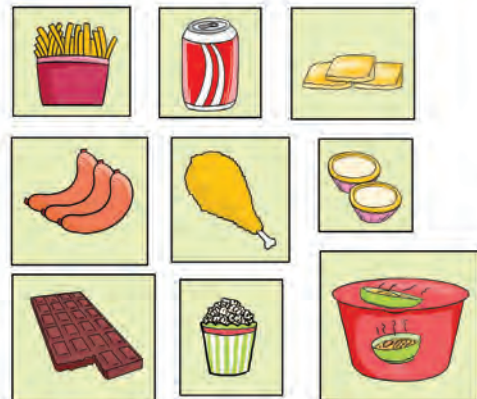


the basics for healthy living



You should start with fresh foods. Vegetables will do you good, and so will fruits and grains (谷物). You should eat more carrots, broccoli (西兰花), celery (芹菜), and other healthy fresh foods.

Bad foods will not make you sick, but you should not eat too much. Too many cakes, soft drinks, salty foods, and fatty foods will do you harm.



Task 1

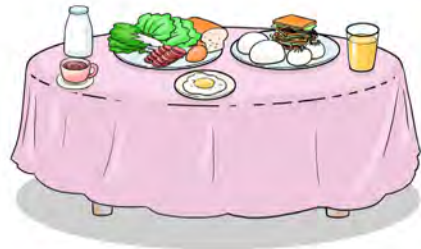
Read and choose. More than one of these answers are correct.

1. What are the best foods for you?
A. Vegetables. B. Grains. C. Candy. D. Burgers.
2. Which of the following is bad for you?
A. Vegetables. B. Fresh fruits. C. Coke. D. Hamburgers.
3. Which of these are good for you?
A. Apples. B. Pears. C. Sweet potatoes.
D. Broccoli. E. Fatty foods. F. Salty foods.

Task 2

What do you usually have for breakfast, lunch, and dinner?

In the morning, I usually have _____ for breakfast. I have lunch at school. We have different kinds of food on different days. Sometimes we have _____, and sometimes we have _____. My favourite dish is _____. Every day when I get home, my mum makes me a nice dinner. We usually have _____.



Progress check



- I can understand what people talk about in each **Listen and say**.
- I can say what I like better or best.
- I know how to say “no” in a polite way.
- I can talk about activities and foods for some holidays.

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

UNIT FIVE

WHERE ARE YOU FROM?

Lesson 15

Listen and say

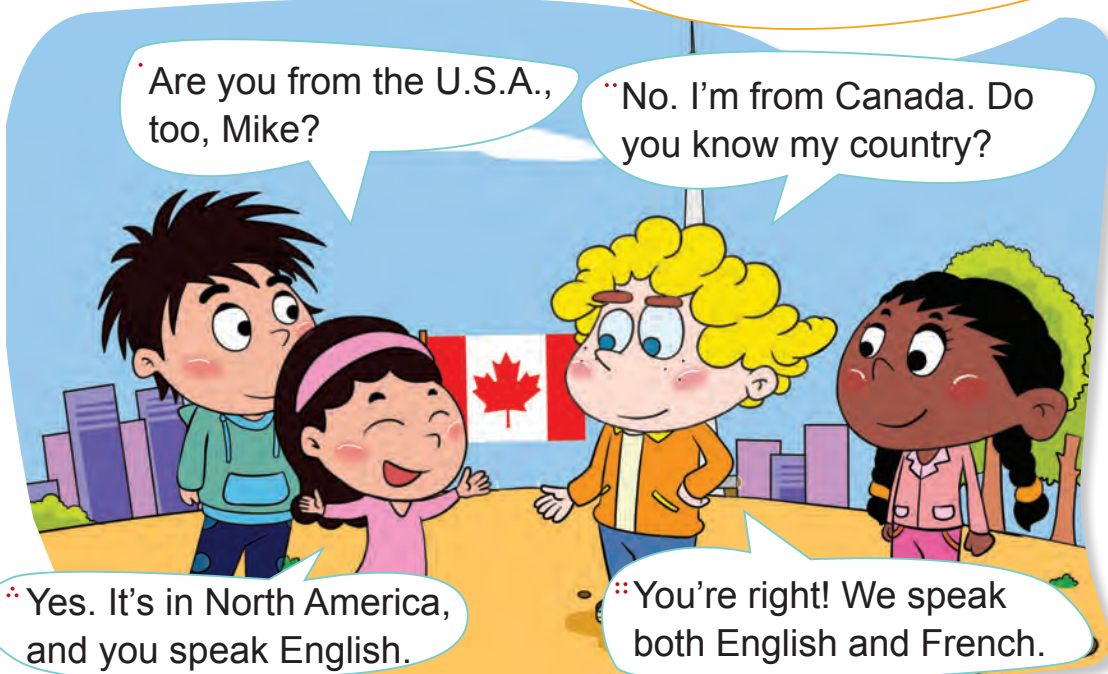


• Where are you from, Sara?

•• I'm from New York. English is my mother tongue.

•• Is New York the capital of the U.S.A.?

•• No. Washington, D. C. is our capital. It's in the east of the United States of America.



• Are you from the U.S.A., too, Mike?

•• No. I'm from Canada. Do you know my country?

•• Yes. It's in North America, and you speak English.

•• You're right! We speak both English and French.

Listen, look, and learn

— Where are you from?
 — I'm from New York in the U.S.A.



New York in the U.S.A.



Toronto in Canada



Sydney in Australia

Listen and match



Dylan



Billy



Lily



Eric



Let's do

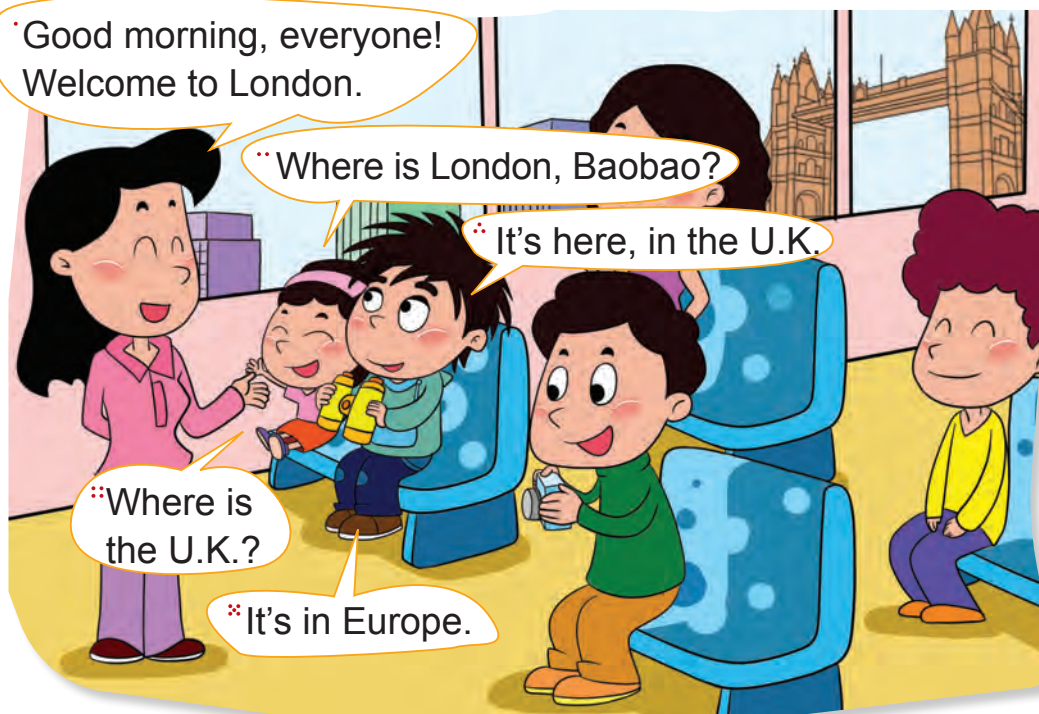
Where are you from?

I'm from Kunming in Yunnan.



Lesson 16

Listen and say



Listen, look, and learn

— Where is the U.K.?
 — It's in Europe.



-  the U.K.
-  China
-  the U.S.A.
-  Australia
-  Canada
-  Russia

Listen and number

Asia

North America

Europe

Let's do

How much do you know about the world?

This is the national flag of ...
 The capital of ... is ...



Lesson 17

Listen and say

.. Thank you, Grandma. We're so happy to be here.

· Welcome to Ottawa!
Welcome to my house!



.. Wonderful!

.. Please feel at home. I'll show you around the city this afternoon.

· Where is Ottawa?
Can you find it on the map?



.. Here. It's in the east of the country.



.. Right. Canada is the land of the maple. There is a maple leaf in the centre of our national flag.

Listen, look, and learn

- Where is **Ottawa**?
- It's in the **east** of the country.

	Canada	China
east	Ottawa	Shanghai
west		Lhasa
north		Hohhot
south		Guangzhou

Listen and choose

-
-
-
-

Let's do

Find the cities on the map. Write sentences about them.

Canberra is in the south of Australia.



- Beijing
- Washington, D. C.
- Canberra
- Moscow

Lesson 18

Now I can understand



Listen and circle.

1.

North

↑

West ———→ East

↓

South

2.

North

↑

West ———→ East

↓

South

3.

North

↑

West ———→ East

↓

South

Now I can say



Now I know the sound



M

money meet may make me
 summer family remember
 him time come some home Tim

How **may** Tim **make** **money** in the **summer**?

Make **him** **remember** his **family** **members**.

Now I can read







The United States of America is in North America. The capital city is Washington, D.C., and it is in the east of the country. New York is the biggest city in the U.S.A. It is also in the east. Canada is in North America, too. Ottawa is the capital city. There is a red maple leaf in the centre of the Canadian national flag. Canadians speak both English and French. The U.K. is in Europe. Its capital is London. People in both the U.S.A. and the U.K. speak English.

Read and decide.

- () 1. Canadians speak only English.
- () 2. The mother tongue for people in the U.S.A. is English.

Now I can write



National flag				
Country			France	
Language				
Capital			Paris	
Location of the capital				

UNIT SIX

WHAT ARE YOUR FAVOURITE SPORTS?

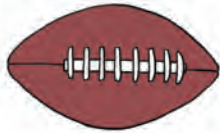
Lesson 19

Listen and say



Listen, look, and learn

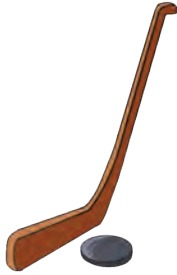
— What's your favourite game?
 — It's **rugby**.



rugby



tennis



ice hockey



badminton



baseball



basketball



volleyball

Listen and match



Dan



Wang Li



Pam



Wang Xiaotian



Let's do

Pack the right kit for your favourite sport.

My favourite sport is basketball.



Lesson 20

Listen and say

Why do you play basketball every day, Sara?

I enjoy playing with my friends. It's fun and popular.



American football is also popular.

So is baseball.

You have some very good basketball players.

Yes, we do. Sorry, I have to go and play now.



Good luck!

Listen, look, and learn

- American football is popular.
- So is baseball.

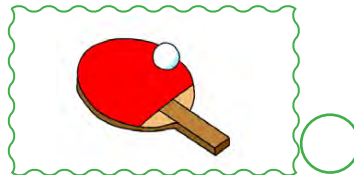
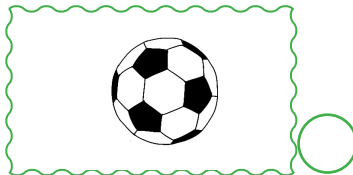


taekwondo



Chinese kung fu

Listen and number



Let's do

Find out the popular sports in these countries.

Badminton is popular in China.



China	the U.S.A.	Canada	the U.K.	France

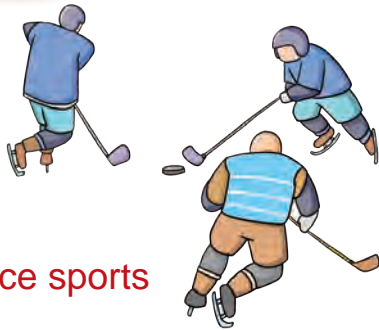
Lesson 21

Listen and say

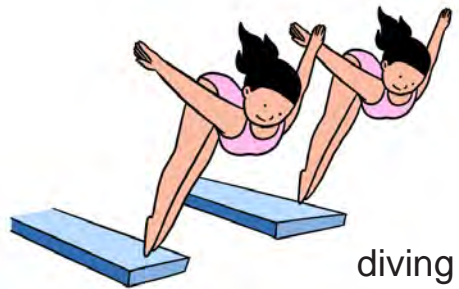


Listen, look, and learn

- What are you good at?
- We are good at **ice sports**.



ice sports



diving



table tennis

Listen and number

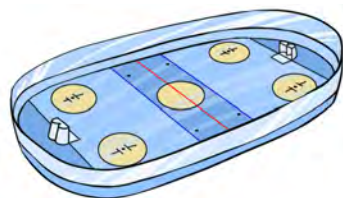






Let's do

List different kinds of sports for the following three groups.
What are you good at?



Ice sports



Ball games



Water sports

Lesson 22

Now I can understand



Listen and match.



Mary

Jack

Tom

Sara

Now I can say



What are you good at?



I'm good at ...

Now I know the sound



N

nine nose name neck new nice now
pen phone plane kitchen can
panda pencil month piano

Can the panda play the piano now?

You can use the new pencil to write your name.

Now I can read



British people love sports. They play football, tennis, and golf. Rugby is a popular game in the U.K. Many people also like horse racing.

American people play basketball, American football, and baseball.

Canadian people love ice sports. In winter they go skating and skiing. Even old people do some sports. Canada has the best ice hockey teams in the world.

Read and write.

British people play _____.

Americans like _____.

Canadians love _____.

Now I can write



My name is Bill.

I'm from the U.S.A.

I'm good at basketball.

I often play with my friends.



UNIT SEVEN

WHAT WILL YOU DO IN CHENGDU?

Lesson 23

Listen and say

Why do you look so excited, Lingling?

Because my parents and I are going to Chengdu.

Lucky you! Are you going there by train?

No, we are going by plane. It's fast.

What will you do in Chengdu?

We'll visit my grandparents. We'll see the pandas.

Don't forget to see Du-jiang-yan.

No, we won't.

Listen, look, and learn

- Are you going to **Chengdu** by train?
- No, we are going **by plane**.



Chengdu
by train / by plane



the Bird's Nest
by car / by subway



the Summer Palace
by bus / by taxi

Listen and choose



Let's do

Talk and write about how you will go to these places.



supermarket



cinema

I will go to the supermarket by bus.



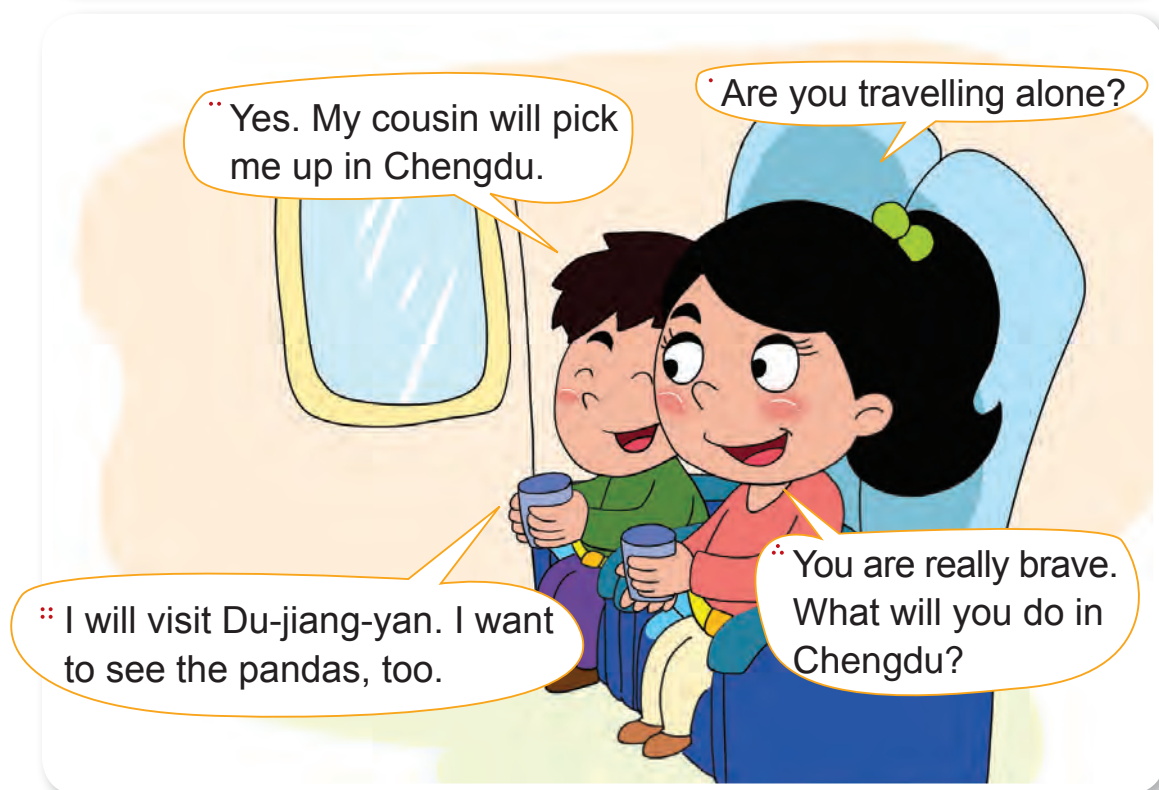
Xi'an



Sydney

Lesson 24

Listen and say





Lesson 24

Listen, look, and learn

— What will you do in **Sichuan**?
 — I will visit **Du-jiang-yan**.

Tibet
the Potala Palace



Sichuan
Du-jiang-yan



Shandong
Mount Tai



Gansu
the Mogao Caves

Listen and match



Kelly

Pat

Jill

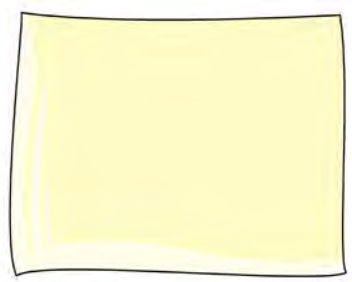
Kim

Let's do

Choose a place and list what you can visit there.

Taiwan
 ◆ Taipei 101
 ◆ the Sun Moon Lake
 ◆ Ali Mountain

Beijing
 ◆
 ◆
 ◆



Lesson 25

Listen and say



Listen, look, and learn

- What time are we going to **leave**?
- We are going to **leave** at **7:30**.

6:30	7:00	7:30	8:30	12:00
get up	have breakfast	leave	visit the palace	meet at the gate

12:30	13:30	17:30	18:30	21:30
have lunch	leave for the museum	have dinner	leave for the show	get back to the hotel

Listen and write

meet at _____
 leave at _____
 get back at _____
 go home at _____



Let's do

Complete the plan for your field trip.

What time are we going to meet at school?

Eight.



8:00	meet at school

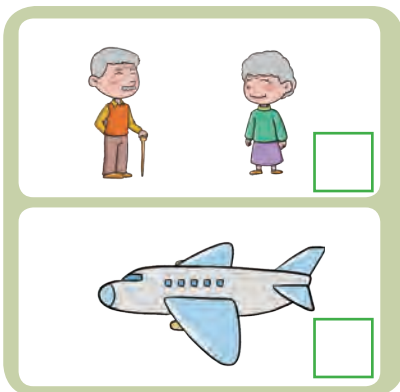
Lesson 26

Now I can understand

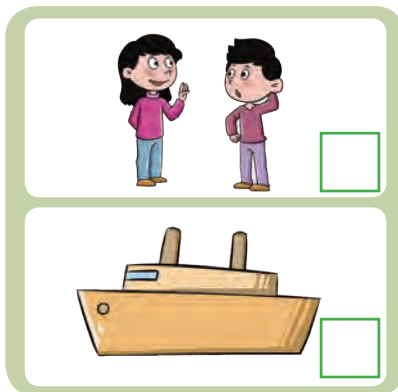


Listen and decide.

1.



2.



Now I can say



Are you going to ... by ... ?



What will you do in ... ?

I will

Now I know the sound



P

pear paper pen pet pork park pink
cup help hope keep
carpet puppet April happen hospital

What happened to the pink pen?

Paul hopes he can play with the pet on the carpet.



Lesson 26

Now I can read



Lingling and her parents are going to visit her grandparents in Chengdu. It is fast to go by plane. Her uncle is going to take them to Du-jiang-yan, one of the oldest dams in the world. They will go to see the pandas, too. They are going to leave early in the morning. They will have a busy day. They will enjoy their visit in Chengdu.

Read and answer.

What will Lingling do in Chengdu?

Now I can write



breakfast dinner tall cousin busy fast

My _____ likes to play with toys and blocks. Look! He is building a _____ restaurant in a _____ street. People can have _____, lunch, and _____ there. Cars are going _____ along the street.



UNIT EIGHT

REVISION

Lesson 27

Do you understand? 😊 😞 😟

Tick (✓) or cross (×).

1.



()

2.



()

3.



()

4.

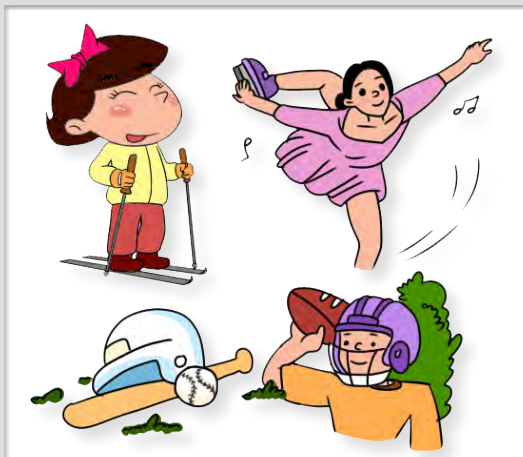


()

Can you talk? 😊 😞 😟

American football is very popular.

...



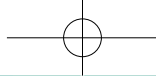
skiing baseball skating

London is the capital city of the U.K.

...



capital city the U.S.A.
Washington, D.C. east



Lesson 27

Can you write?



Write sentences.



Good luck!

Can you do?



Which countries have the best players for the following ball games? Where are these countries?

Ball game	Country	Location
Football	the U.K., Italy, France, ...	Italy is in the south of Europe. ...
Basketball		
Tennis		
Table tennis		
Badminton		
Ice hockey		
...		



Can you read and write?



Festivals around China

In our country, people celebrate special days in different ways.

Water-splashing Festival (泼水节)

The Water-splashing Festival is the New Year in the Dai calendar. It usually takes place in mid April, and lasts three to seven days. People dress up in traditional clothes and splash water on anyone passing by. The more you get splashed, the more good luck you will have in the new year.

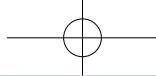


Tibetan New Year

The Tibetan people celebrate the Tibetan New Year over a period of two weeks, usually during the months of December and January. According to the Tibetan calendar, the New Year lasts from the first day of the first month to the fifteenth day of the first month. The first three days are the most important.

On the first day, Tibetans get up early, take a bath and put on new clothes. They stay at home to pray (祈祷) and celebrate. On the second day, people visit relatives and friends. On the third day, each Tibetan family puts up a prayer flag that will fly on their rooftop for the whole year.





Lesson 27

Third Month Fair

For the Bai people, the Third Month Fair is their most important festival. They celebrate it every year during the third month of the Chinese calendar, from 15th to 20th of the month. The Bai people hold the festival to pray for a good harvest. There are dances, shows, sports, and horse races during the festival.



Task 1

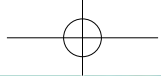
Tick (✓) or cross (×).

- () 1. The Water-splashing Festival is an important holiday for the Dai people.
- () 2. During the Water-splashing Festival, people try not to get wet.
- () 3. The Tibetan New Year lasts for fifteen days.
- () 4. On the first day of the Tibetan New Year celebration, people get up early to visit relatives and friends.
- () 5. During the Third Month Fair, people pray for a good harvest.

Task 2

Work with your classmates to find out about other important festivals for Chinese minority groups.

Name of the festival			
Date of the festival			
Activities			
Special food			



Lesson 28



Do you understand?



Tick (✓) or cross (×).

1.



()

2.



()

3.



()

4.



()

Can you talk?



My parents and I are going to Tibet this summer. We are going there by train. We'll visit the Potala Palace in Lhasa.

...



the Potala Palace
the Mogao caves

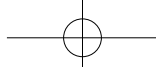


Mount Tai
Du-jiang-yan



the Summer Palace
the Great Wall



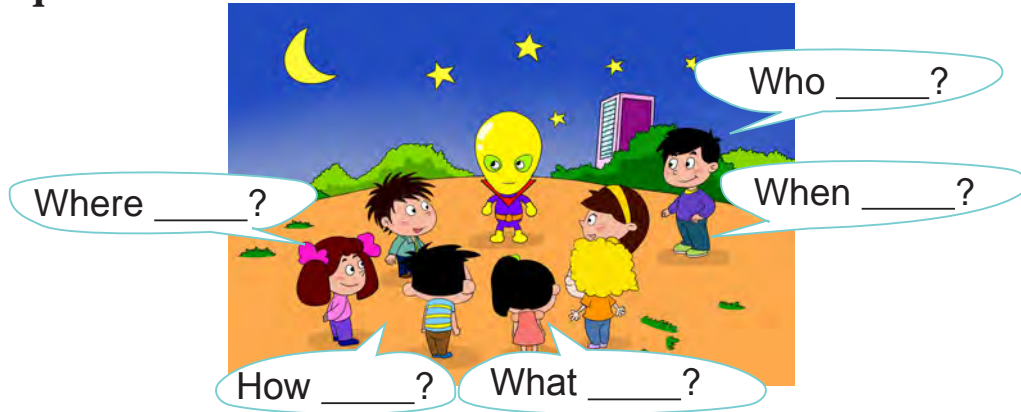


Lesson 28

Can you write?



Ask questions and write down the answers.



My alien friend's name is _____. He comes from _____.

He came to the earth by _____. His favourite sport is _____.

He will stay with us for a week and he is going to visit _____.

Can you do?



Help your parents plan a holiday trip.

Where are we going?	
How are we going there?	
How will we get the ticket?	
How much is the ticket?	
What should we pack for the trip?	
When will we leave home?	
How will we get to the station / airport?	
...	

Can you read and write?



In the world, many people have cars and use them every day. We call this private transportation. Buses, trains, boats, and planes are public transportation.

On Land

There are cars, motorcycles, trucks, and buses on the road. Trains run on tracks.



Double deckers are like two buses put together. They can take more people around the city.

A motorcycle is small and fast. Bicycles are the world's most popular means of transportation. There are more bicycle riders in China and the Netherlands (荷兰) than in other countries.

Bullet trains travel very fast. They can move at the speed of 300 km an hour.



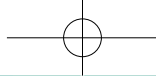
In the Air

The quickest way to travel a long distance is to fly.

Helicopters can take off and land without a runway. They can stay still (静止的) in the sky. This makes them useful for different kinds of jobs like fire fighting and sea rescue.



A big jumbo jet carries more than 500 people. The Airbus 380 is the largest plane in the world. It can carry 840 people.



Lesson 28

Task 1

Answer the following questions.

1. What is private transportation?
2. What is public transportation?
3. How fast can bullet trains travel?
4. What is special about helicopters?
5. How many people can Airbus 380 carry?

Task 2

How do you and your family members go to these places?

I go to school _____ every day. My father goes to work _____.

On weekends, we sometimes go to see a film _____. This Spring Festival, we are going to Shanghai. We will go there _____.

Progress check



- I can understand what people talk about in each **Listen and say**.
- I know the names of some countries.
- I know some important cities in these countries.
- I can tell where a city or a country is on the map.
- I can talk about the popular sports in China, the U.K., the U.S.A., and Canada.
- I can make a plan for a trip.

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
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STORY 1

Sept. 20

Dear Peter,

Summer is over and autumn is here. It is getting cooler and the leaves are turning red and yellow. Autumn is a beautiful season all over the world but I like summer better, especially the summer in Beijing.

It is really hot here in summer, much hotter than it is in Canada. I go swimming with my friends nearly every day. There is a big swimming pool near our school. It is much bigger than the one near your house in Vancouver. It is the biggest near my school. I'm happy that I can swim better now. Dongdong is my closest friend, and he is the best swimmer in our class. He is good at the butterfly stroke (蝶泳) and the back stroke (仰泳). He is kind and friendly to all of us. We love him and enjoy doing things with him.

Life here is interesting and enjoyable. I will tell you more about it in my next letter.

Yours,
Jeff

Tick (√) or cross (×).

- () 1. Peter is in Vancouver.
 () 2. There is a big swimming pool near Jeff's house.
 () 3. Jeff goes swimming nearly every day.
 () 4. Dongdong is the best swimmer in his class.
 () 5. Jeff is a better swimmer now.

STORY TIME

STORY 2-1

One night, Toby is jumping up and down on his bed. He sees his shadow on the wall. It looks like a great big bear.



At school, Toby draws a picture. He wants to draw a really big bear.



On the way home, Toby and his dad stop to look at a big balloon bear.



Tick (✓) or cross (×).

- () 1. The bear in Toby's picture is the biggest.
- () 2. Daddy knows where the biggest bear is.

STORY TIME

STORY 2-2

Back at home, Daddy gives Toby his dinner.

Is there really a bigger bear than the balloon bear?

Yes, a much, much bigger one.

But where does he live if he is so big?

He lives above our heads.



Finally it is bed time, and Toby still doesn't know where the biggest bear lives. Sadly, he goes to bed.



Don't be sad, Toby. You can't see the biggest bear in the day because he only comes out at night. Would you like to see him now?

Daddy leads Toby into the garden.

Look up at the sky! Do you see those bright stars? That group of stars is called the Great Bear. Can you see his tail? And his paws?



Oh! He is right above our heads all the time! That really is the biggest bear in the whole world!

Answer the questions.

Is the Great Bear a real bear? Where is the Great Bear?

Symbols (象征物) of Halloween

The pumpkin is a symbol of Halloween. People take out the inside of the pumpkin, carve a face into its side, and put a candle inside to make a lantern. It's called a jack-o'-lantern, from a story about a man called Jack who made a deal with the devil (魔鬼).



Black cats, frogs, mice, and spiders are Halloween animals. Most children's favourite animal is the Vampire Bat (吸血蝙蝠). They are high on the Halloween list.

Halloween would not be fun without witches. A witch is always a woman. She has special powers and practices black magic.



Answer the question.

What are the symbols of Halloween?

STORY 4

Halloween Celebrations

Halloween celebrations start in October at every elementary school. Children make all kinds of orange-coloured paper jack-o'-lanterns. From black paper they cut out witches riding on broomsticks, or black bats flying across the moon.

On Halloween night, children dress up in scary costumes (戏装), put on masks, and go outside. They go together to neighbours' houses, ring doorbells and shout "Trick or treat!" It means "Give us something to eat, or we'll play a trick on you!"



Tick (√) or cross (×).

- () 1. On Halloween children usually celebrate at home by themselves.
- () 2. Parents make all the jack-o'-lanterns for their children.



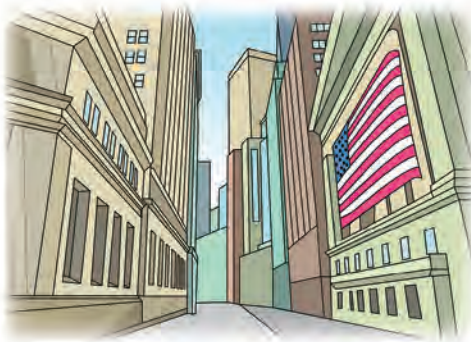
STORY TIME

STORY 5

Part of New York City is on an island between two big rivers. There are a lot of important buildings in this city, like the Empire State Building (帝国大厦), and there are many famous attractions like Wall Street and the Statue of Liberty (自由女神像). In the centre of the city, there is a very big park called Central Park.



New York City is sometimes called “the Big Apple”. This name was first used in the 1920’s for the city’s horse race tracks. Later, it appeared in a song, “There are many apples on the trees of success. When you pick New York City, you pick the big apple.”



Answer the question.

Do you know more about New York City?

STORY 6

London is the capital of the U.K. with a long history. It is the largest European city, and it is also a city of immigrants (移民). You can get a taste of other parts of the world there. The Notting Hill Carnival (嘉年华) is a good example.

Many people from the West Indies live in Notting Hill. Every year they have a carnival on the last weekend of August. About one million people go to the Carnival each year. They enjoy West Indian food at the food stands (摊位): sweet potatoes, salted fish, and rice. People play steel drums on vans, and performers sing and dance in beautiful costumes. Everybody has a great time at the Carnival.



Choose the correct statement.

- A. The Notting Hill Carnival is a traditional English festival.
- B. The Notting Hill Carnival is a tradition from West Indian immigrants in London.

STORY TIME

STORY 7

Canada is a huge country. It is bigger than China, but it has a smaller population (人口). Not many people live in the countryside, but many enjoy their summer holidays there. Some people have summer houses near lakes and rivers. Others enjoy camping in national parks. There are thirty-nine national parks in Canada.



Winter is long and very cold in most parts of Canada, so Canadians do lots of winter sports. The most popular are ice skating and ice hockey. Many families make ponds in their gardens and let them freeze. Then they can skate on their own ice rink!



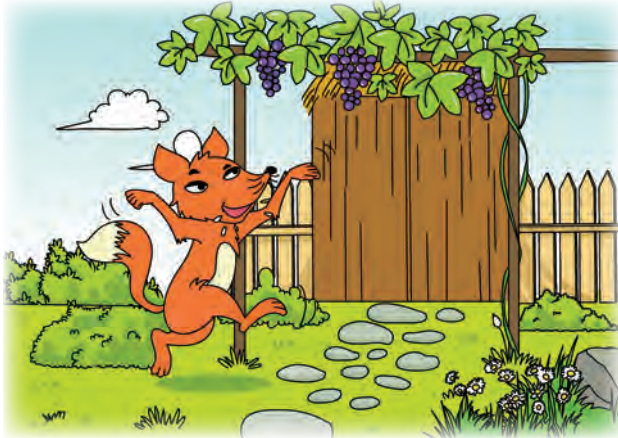
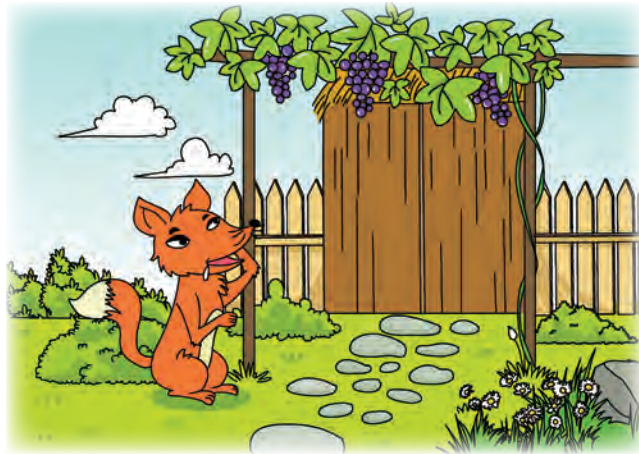
Tick (✓) or cross (×).

- () 1. Most people in Canada live in cities.
- () 2. People in Canada usually stay at home during the long winters.

STORY TIME

STORY 8

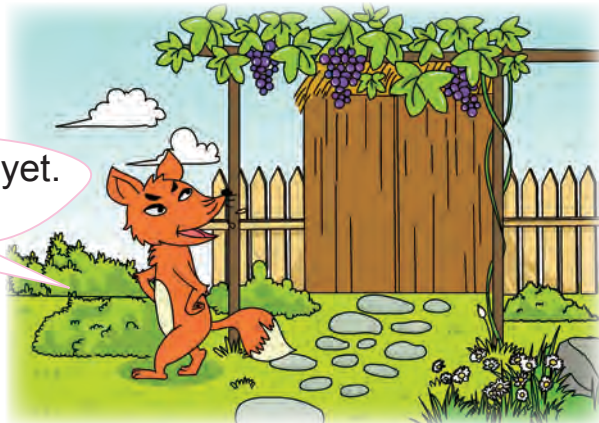
A fox is very hungry and wants to find something to eat. He comes to a house and sees a lot of grapes in front of the house.



The grapes look very good and they make the fox's mouth water (流口水). The fox tries very hard to grab the grapes. But he can't reach them.

He has to go away.

The grapes are not ripe yet. They must be very sour.



Choose the correct answer.

Why can't the fox get the grapes?

- A. The grapes are not ripe yet and they are sour.
- B. The fox is not tall enough to get the grapes.

STORY TIME

STORY 9

Everybody in the family has a birthday present for Mother. Help Mother guess what is in each box.



• Here is my present. It is the colour of gold. It has a stone on it. I hope it fits on her finger.



•• My present for Mother is made up of pages. It is full of words. It's only for people. It's not for pets or birds. I hope she will like it.



••• My present for Mother is very beautiful. You put them in a vase. They are red. They are from the garden. I am sure Mother will love them.

Answer the questions.

1. What is Dad's present for Mother?
2. What is the son's present for Mother?
3. What is the daughter's present for Mother?

STORY 10

Baby bears are born in winter.
At first, their eyes are closed.
Their little bodies have no fur.
Their mother keeps them warm.



Four weeks later, the baby bears' eyes open and their bodies have soft fur. Still, they stay inside their cave. It is nice and safe there. Their mother feeds them.

When they are about nine weeks old, their mother takes them out from the cave. Now it is spring. The baby bears are ready to play.



Answer the questions.

1. When are baby bears born?
2. When do baby bears open their eyes?
3. When do baby bears begin to grow fur?
4. When do they leave the cave?
5. When are the baby bears ready to play?

My name is Hualing. I'm three years old. Mr Li takes care of me. Every morning I get up at six thirty. I go for a walk around the yard. Mr Li comes at seven thirty with my breakfast. I usually have some bamboo shoots. Mr Li also makes a special kind of cake for me. After breakfast, I play with my friends. I have many visitors every day. All the children and their parents like me very much. I have lunch at twelve thirty. My lunch is not always the same. I like my food and I also love fruit. After lunch, I go back to my room to rest. I come out to play again in the afternoon. There are many toys for us to play with. I run around and chase (追逐) my friends. I have dinner at six. I go to bed at about eight thirty. That is my day.

Read and number.



HOME, SWEET HOME



Mid pleas - ures and pal - a - ces
 though we may roam. Be it ev - er so hum - ble, there's
 no place like home. A charm from the
 skies seems to hal - low us there, which
 seek thro' the world, is ne'er met with else - where.
 Home, home, sweet, sweet home. There's no place like
 home. There's no place like home.





ENGLISH SONGS

ALL THE BIRDS



All the birds sing up in the trees. Now the spring is



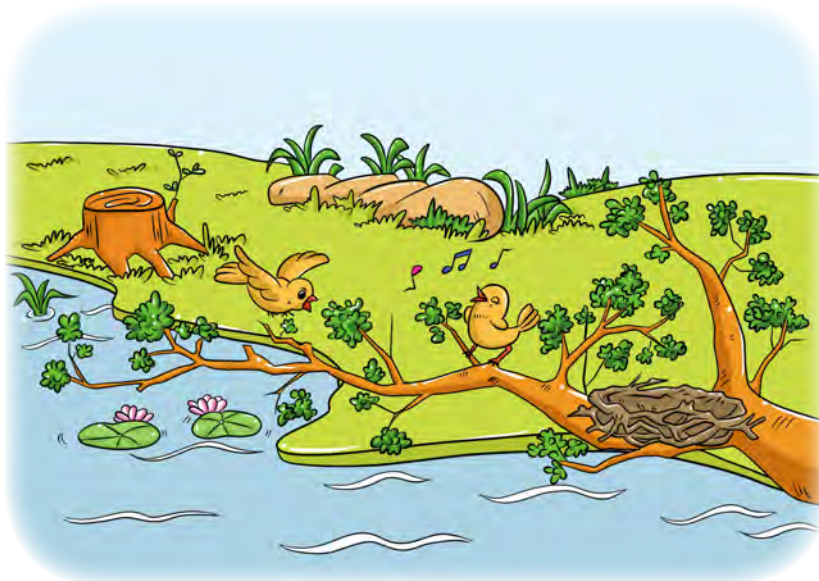
com - ing! Lis - ten, lis - ten, what do they say?



Spring time is the time to be gay. All the birds sing



up in the trees. Now the spring is com - ing!



DOWN AT THE STATION



Down at the sta - tion, ear - ly in the morn - ing,



see the lit-tle wag-ons lined up in a row. See the en-gine driv-er



pull the lit-tle han - dle. Chug! Chug! Toot! Toot! Here we go!



ENGLISH SONGS

OH, SUSANNA



Oh, I come from Al - a - bam - a with my ban - jo on my



knee. And I'm go - ing to Lou - i - si - an - a, my true love for to



see. Oh, Su - san - na! Now don't you cry for me, for I



come from Al - a - bam - a with my ban - jo on my knee.



RED RIVER VALLEY



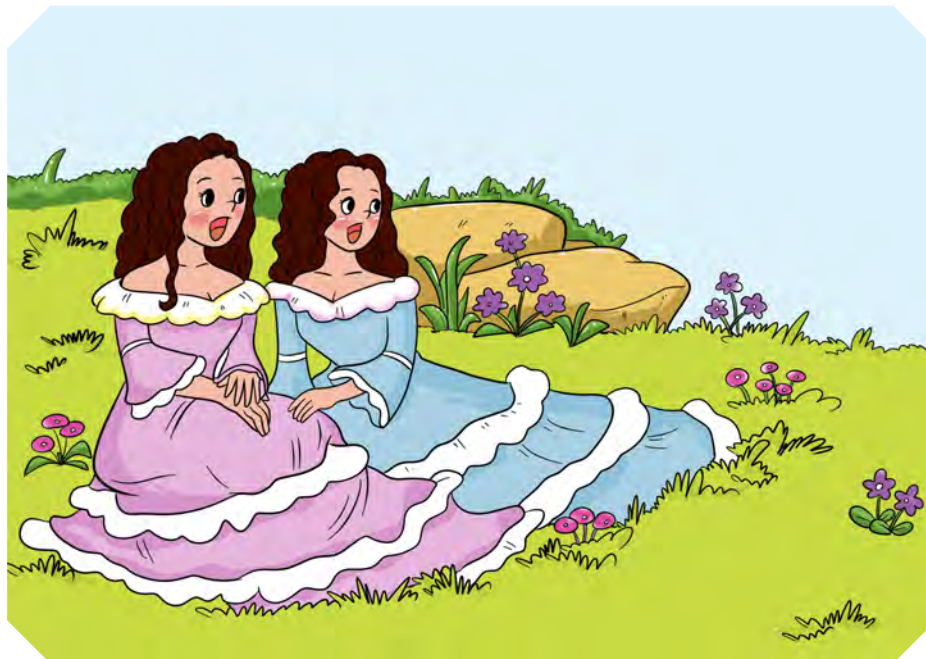
Oh the buf - fa - lo's gone from the prai-rie, and the
Gol-den grain waits to co - ver these spa-ces, might - y

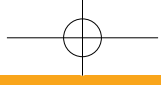


land waits the com - ing of man. To a - wak - en to life and be
cit - ies are wait - ing their birth. Wel - come folks of all faiths and all



mer - ry, and to bloom at the touch of his hand.
ra - ces, to this beau - ti - ful cor - ner of earth.





ENGLISH SONGS

JINGLE BELLS



Dash - ing through the snow, in a one-horse o - pen sleigh,



O'er the fields we go, laugh-ing all the way.



Bells on bob - tail ring, mak - ing spir - its bright. What



fun it is to ride and sing a sleigh-ing song to - night!



Jin - gle bells, jin - gle bells, jin - gle all the way.



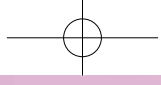
Oh! What fun it is to ride in a one-horse o - pen sleigh!



Jin - gle bells, jin - gle bells, jin - gle all the way.



Oh! What fun it is to ride in a one-horse o - pen sleigh!



WORD LIST (1)

Lesson 1

supermarket	超市
*meat	肉
juice	果汁
*pay	付款, 交款

Lesson 2

English	英语
difficult	困难的
maths	数学
subject	课程; 学科
draw	画
art	美术; 艺术

Lesson 3

science	科学
sheep	绵羊
bear	熊
minute	分钟
put	写上, 标上; 放

Lesson 5

*must	应该; 必须
brother	兄弟
*pass	传递

Lesson 6

*finish	完成
*homework	家庭作业

half	半小时; 一半
late	晚

Lesson 7

dirty	脏的
ask	要求
join	参加
wash	洗, 洗涤

Lesson 9

autumn	秋天
family	家庭; 家人
fruit	水果

Lesson 10

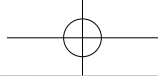
*climb	攀登; 爬
*usually	通常地; 惯常地
him	他 (宾格)

Lesson 11

dress	穿衣; 打扮
*night	夜, 夜晚
*as	像, 如同

Lesson 15

*tongue	语言; 舌头
*the U.S. A. (the United States of America)	美国
east	东部



Lesson 16

morning	早晨；上午
*the U.K.	英国
clock	时钟
river	河，江

Lesson 17

city	城市
afternoon	午后；下午
map	地图
*Canada	加拿大
*leaf	树叶

Lesson 19

*tennis	网球
*golf	高尔夫球运动
*British	英国的

Lesson 20

basketball	篮球
with	和
friend	朋友
*baseball	棒球

Lesson 21

*team	球队
*ski	滑雪
winter	冬天

Lesson 23

fast	快速的
panda	熊猫
*forget	忘记

Lesson 24

cousin	堂兄弟姊妹；表兄弟姊妹
*brave	勇敢的

Lesson 25

tall	高的
driver	驾驶员
early	早
breakfast	早餐
busy	忙碌的
dinner	晚餐；正餐

注：不加*的单词为《义务教育英语课程标准（2011年版）》列出的二级词汇

WORD LIST (2)

A

afternoon(17) art(2) as(11) ask(7)
autumn(9)

B

baseball(20) basketball(20)
bear(3) brave(24) breakfast(25)
British(19) brother(5) busy(25)

C

Canada(17) city(17) climb(10)
clock(16) cousin(24)

D

difficult(2) dinner(25) dirty(7)
draw(2) dress(11) driver(25)

E

early(25) east(15) English(2)

F

family(9) fast(23) finish(6)
forget(23) friend(20) fruit(9)

G

golf(19)

H

half (6) him(10) homework(6)

J

join(7) juice(1)

L

late(6) leaf(17)

M

map(17) maths(2) meat(1)
minute(3) morning(16) must(5)

N

night(11)

P

panda(23) pass(5) pay(1) put(3)

R

river(16)

S

science(3) sheep(3) ski(21)
subject(2) supermarket(1)

T

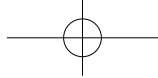
tall(25) team(21) tennis(19)
the U.K.(16) the U.S.A. (the United
States of America)(15) tongue(15)

U

usually(10)

W

wash(7) winter(21) with(20)



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