



义务教育教科书

英语

ENGLISH

(三年级起点)
六年级下册



科学普及出版社



英语

ENGLISH

(三年级起点)

六年级下册



科学普及出版社

·北京·



图书在版编目 (CIP) 数据

英语. 六年级下册/北京市现代教学研究所编著. —北京: 科学普及出版社, 2016. 1 (2021. 1重印)
(义务教育教科书)

ISBN 978-7-110-09264-4

I. ①英… II. ①北… III. ①英语课—小学—教材 IV. ①G624. 311

中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字 (2015) 第 272752 号

主 编 马 承 李世虬

副 主 编 王传伟 安宏侠

美术设计 炽热风美术工作室

审 校 [美] Betty Marple

法律顾问 唐国玺

责任编辑 邓 文

责任校对 王勤杰

责任印制 李晓霖



致 同 学 们

同学们好!

新学期开始了，祝大家在新学期里取得优异的学习成绩。本册课本将带同学们进入一个新奇的英语世界。在“一课一话题，一课一句型，一课一阅读，一课一活动”的学习中，大家将和书中的同学们度过一学期的愉快时光。



通过学习本册课本，同学们将学会一些谈论新话题的对话，这些话题包括日常生活、学校生活、周末活动等。同学们还将学会说一些新的句子，例如“过去做了什么事？”

等。同时本册课本的后半部分集中复习了小学阶段的主要语言知识，为小学升初中做准备。

在本册教材里，同学们还将读到一些有趣的短文和小故事，例如澳大利亚人是如何保护珍稀动物树袋熊的？还有“巨人的花园”“灰姑娘”“渔夫和金鱼”等著名童话故事。通过阅读这些文章，不仅可以学到许多新的知识，还能让同学们体验到学习英语的乐趣，同时还能了解西方文化，开拓视野。

在这个学期里，同学们将学会“玛丽有只小羊羔”等好听的英语歌曲，还将学会一些琅琅上口的歌谣，并将围绕新知识做一些有趣的游戏和活动。希望同学们密切配合，积极参与这些活动，并从中有所收益，增强实践能力，培养创新精神。



总之，在这个学期里，有许多有趣的东西等着大家去学，有许多好玩的活动等着大家去做。希望这册课本能成为你的好朋友，陪伴你度过愉快的新学期。

者

编

北京市现代

Contents

Lesson 1

I'm not feeling well

2

Lesson 2

Did you play basketball yesterday?

8

Lesson 3

Did you go boating last Sunday?

14

Lesson 4

What did you do last Saturday?

20

Lesson 5

Revision

26

Lesson 6

Is there a library near here?

32

Lesson 7

Where do the tigers come from?

38



Lesson 8

Who are you going to play?

44

Lesson 9

I helped a deaf man to get home

50

Lesson 10

Revision

56

Words in each lesson

64

Word list

67

Irregular verbs

69

Word families

70

Additional word list

73

Lesson 1

I'M NOT FEELING WELL



Let's talk

(M = Mom, T = Tom)

M: What's the matter, Tom?

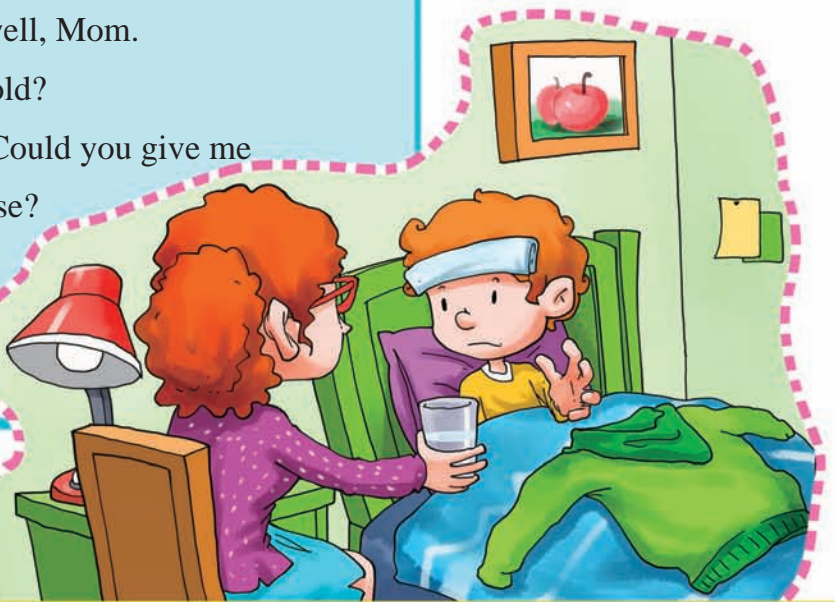
T: I'm not feeling well, Mom.

M: Do you have a cold?

T: Yes, I think so. Could you give me some water, please?

M: Here you are.

T: Thank you, Mom.



M: Tom, you must go and see a doctor.

T: OK, Mom.

M: It's cold outside. You must **wear** your **coat**.

T: OK, Mom. Could you **pass** me my coat, please?

M: Here you are.

T: Thank you, Mom.

M: Tell me your teacher's number. I'll call him and tell him you are sick.

T: OK. Here it is.





Let's learn

- *I'm not feeling well.*
- *What's the matter?*
- *I have a cold. Could you give me some water, please?*
- *OK.*



we have a cough, us

they have a fever, them



I have a cold, me



he has a headache, him

she has a toothache, her



A game

I have a cold. Could you give me a coat?

He has a cold. Give him a coat.
I have a fever. Could you give me some water?



She has a fever.
Give her some water. I have ...



Ask and answer



What's the matter?

I have a fever. Could you give me some water?

Here you are.

Thank you.



Listen and number



Marks

○ ○ ○ ○ ○



Listen and say

(S = Sam, T = Tom)

S: Hi, Tom. It's Sam. There is a football game this afternoon.

Do you want to watch it?

T: No, thanks. I have a bad cold.

S: Oh. You should drink plenty of water and stay in bed.

T: Yes, I'm in bed now.

S: You can watch the football game on TV.

T: Yes, my father will be with me.

S: That's good!





Read

A good habit

Dan often stayed up late and got up late. At last he became ill. He had a bad **headache**, and couldn't get to **sleep** at night. So he went to see a doctor.

“Oh, you look **tired**. What's the matter?” the doctor asked.

“I have a bad headache and can't get to sleep at night,” Dan said.





“When do you usually go to bed?”

“I usually go to bed after 12 o’clock.”

“You should go to bed before 10 o’clock. Drink some milk before you go to sleep. I’m sure you will sleep well and get better soon.”

From then on, Dan went to bed early and soon he got better.

It’s a good **habit** to go to bed early and get up early.

Lesson 2

DID YOU PLAY BASKETBALL YESTERDAY?



Let's talk

(L = Lulu, T = Tom)

L: Hello, Tom! What do you usually do on Sunday afternoons?

T: I often play basketball.

L: Did you play basketball yesterday?

T: No, I didn't. I went to **visit** a friend.

L: Did you have a good time?

T: Yes, I did. My friend likes taking **photos**.
He showed me many photos.

L: Did you like the photos?

T: Yes, I liked them very much.





Let's learn

— Did you *play basketball* yesterday?

— Yes, I *played basketball* yesterday afternoon.



play basketball
yesterday afternoon



wash my clothes
yesterday morning

play — **played**

wash — **washed**

watch — **watched**

work — **worked**



watch TV
yesterday evening



work late
last night



Let's chant

O, look at the moon!
She is shining up there.
O, mother, she looks
like a lamp in the air.

Last week she was smaller,
and shaped like a bow.
But now she is bigger,
and round as an O.





Match and say




Did you watch TV last night?


Yes, I did.



last night


yesterday morning


last Sunday



go to the cinema



watch TV



play basketball



Listen and number















Marks

○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○



Listen and say

(S = Sam, L = Lili)

S: Hi, Lili! Glad to see you again! Tell me about your trip.

Was it your first trip to London?

L: Yes, it was. We visited Big Ben^① and Tower Bridge^②.

We also went to Hyde Park^③.

S: Wow! Sounds great! Was the weather good?

L: No, it wasn't. It was wet. It rained every day.

But the people there were very kind.

S: Did you have a good time?

L: Yes, we did.



① Big Ben 大本钟 ② Tower Bridge 塔桥 ③ Hyde Park 海德公园



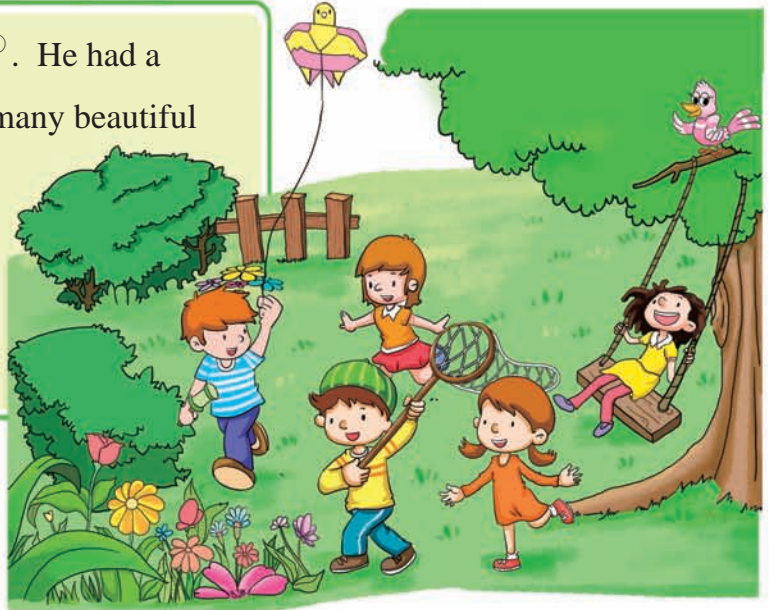
Read



The giant's garden



Once there lived a giant^①. He had a big garden. There were many beautiful flowers and trees in it. Birds sang in the trees and children liked to play in the garden.



One day the giant came back after a long trip. He saw the children playing in his garden. He was very angry. He built a high wall around the garden. But from then on, it was always winter in the garden. There were no birds or flowers, and the trees were not green. The giant was very sad.

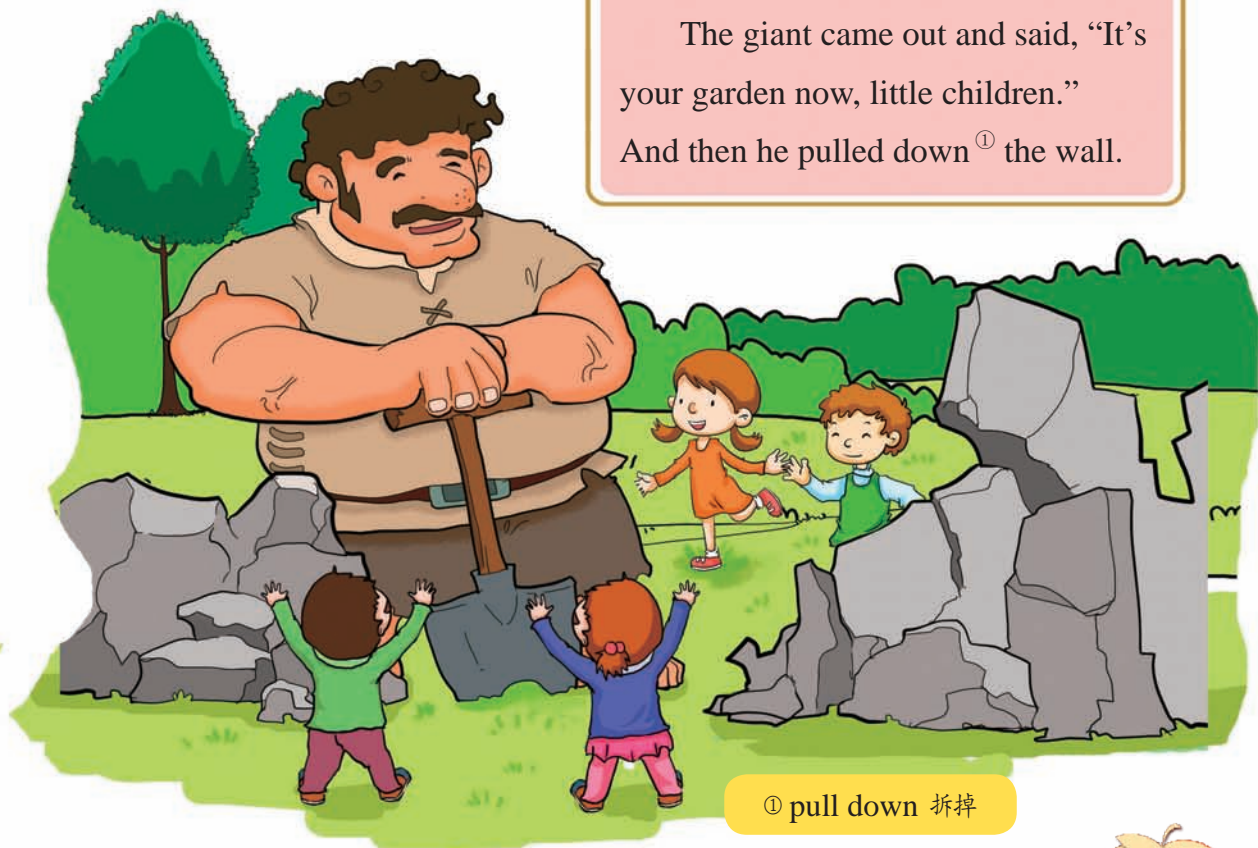


① giant /'dʒaɪənt/ 巨人



One morning, the giant looked out and found many children playing in the garden. The trees were green and the birds sang again.

The giant came out and said, “It’s your garden now, little children.” And then he pulled down^① the wall.



① pull down 拆掉

Lesson 3

DID YOU GO BOATING LAST SUNDAY?



Let's talk

(M = Mary, D = Dali)

M: What do you usually do on Sundays?

D: I usually go **boating** or swimming.

M: Did you go boating **last** Sunday?

D: No, I went to Tiger **Zoo**.

M: Great! How many tigers were there?

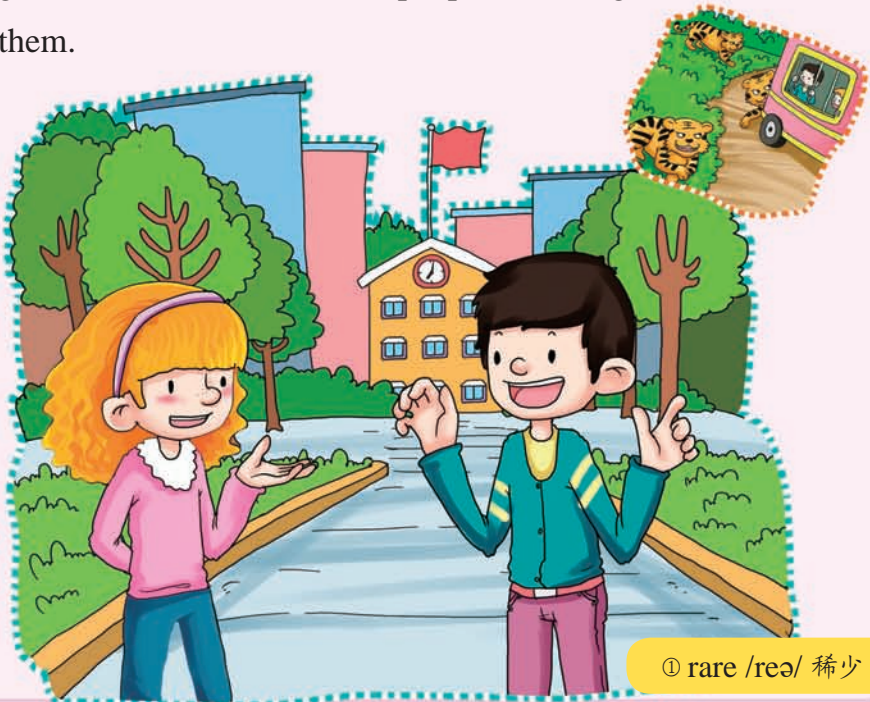
D: There were about ninety.

M: Did you see many of them?

D: Yes. We were in a bus, and we could drive very near and have a good look at them.

M: Oh! What fun! Do the tigers live a good **life** in the zoo?

D: Yes. Tigers are rare^① in China. So people are doing their best to **protect** them.



① rare /reə/ 稀少



Let's learn

— Did you *stay at home*
last Sunday?
— No, I *went to the zoo*.

go — **went** ride — **rode**
draw — **drew** take — **took**
write — **wrote** buy — **bought**
read — **read /red/**

	 <p><i>stay at home</i> <i>go to the zoo</i></p>	 <p><i>walk to school</i> <i>ride a bike</i></p>
 <p><i>draw some pictures</i> <i>take some photos</i></p>	 <p><i>read a book</i> <i>write a letter</i></p>	 <p><i>buy some fruit</i> <i>buy some vegetables</i></p>



Write and say

Did you stay at home last night?

Yes.



stay at home	write a letter	take photos
<i>last night</i>		
read a book	wash some clothes	ride a bike
go boating	see a film	go to the zoo





Ask and answer



— Did Rob go shopping yesterday?
 — No, he went boating.

Lulu Eve

Rob Bob

play football

wash some clothes

go shopping

go boating



Listen and tick

1. Yes. No.

2. Yes. No.

3. Yes. No.

4. Yes. No.



Marks



Look and say

The summer holiday is over.
Please tell us about your holiday.



I went to Yunnan.
I visited Dali and Lijiang.
I had a good time.



Yunnan

Dali and Lijiang



Jiangsu

Suzhou and Wuxi



Qinghai and Tibet

Qinghai Lake and Lhasa



Gansu

Jiayuguan and Zhangye



Read



A mother koala and her baby



One day I was driving my car along the road in Australia. Suddenly the cars in front of me stopped. I got out of my car to have a look.

There were about ten cars in front of mine. “What are they waiting for?” I thought.



I walked up to the first car. What did I see? I saw a mother koala^① with a baby on her back. She wanted to cross the road, but she just sat down in the middle of the road.

① koala /kəʊ'ɑ:lə/ 树袋熊(考拉)

After some time, the mother koala got up and walked **off** the road. Then the cars started to go again.



Koalas are rare in the **world**. The Australians^① like them very much. They do their best to protect them.



Look at the pictures below^②. These animals in China are rare, too. But are we all doing our best to protect them?



red-crowned cranes (丹顶鹤)

giant pandas (大熊猫)

Northeast tiger (东北虎)

Tibetan antelope (藏羚羊)

Chinese alligator (扬子鳄)

① Australian /ɒ'streɪljən/ 澳大利亚人 ② below /bɪ'ləʊ/ 以下

Lesson 4

WHAT DID YOU DO LAST SATURDAY?



Let's talk

(L = Li Jun, K = Kate)

L: What did you do last Saturday?

K: I went to the **supermarket**.

L: Who took you there?

K: My uncle.

L: How did you go there?

K: We went by **taxi**.

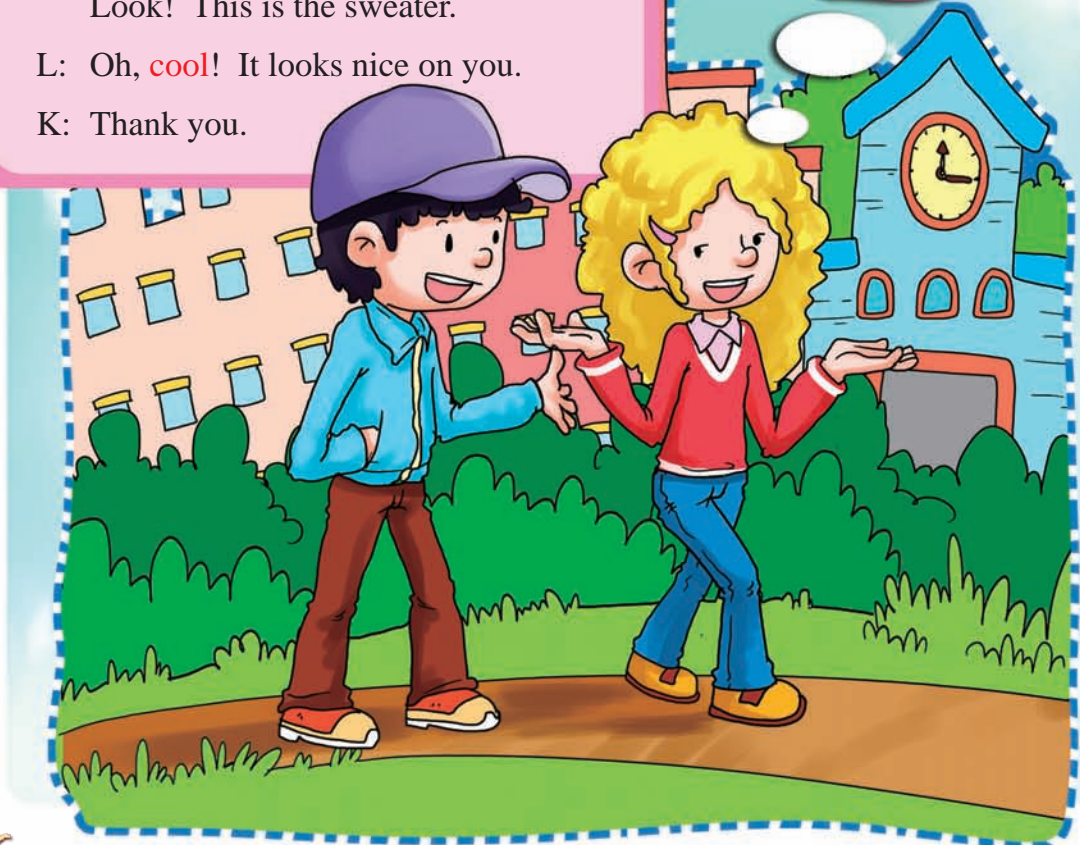
L: What did you buy?

K: My uncle bought me a red **sweater**.

Look! This is the sweater.

L: Oh, **cool!** It looks nice on you.

K: Thank you.





Let's learn

— What did you do last Saturday?
— I saw a film.



see — saw make — made
fly — flew do — did



see a film



make a cake



fly a kite



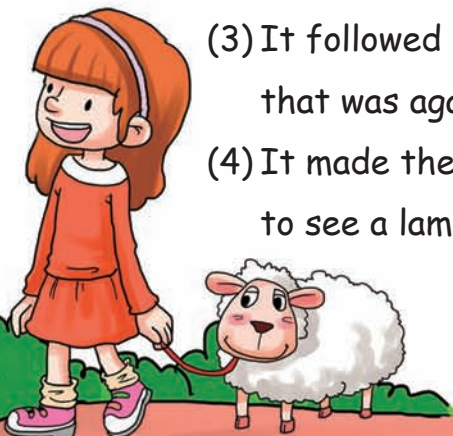
do my homework



Let's sing

Mary had a little lamb

- (1) Mary had a little lamb, little lamb, little lamb.
Mary had a little lamb.
Its fleece was white as snow.
- (2) Everywhere that Mary went, ...
the lamb was sure to go.
- (3) It followed her to school one day, ...
that was against the rules.
- (4) It made the children laugh and play, ...
to see a lamb at school.





Ask and answer



What did you do last Sunday?

I went shopping.



Listen and circle



A

B



A

B



A

B



A

B



Marks





Look and say

Tony and Liu Fei had a happy holiday last summer.

Look at this calendar and talk about what they did in July.

July 2012

Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13 go to the zoo	14
15 go boating	16	17 go to the library	18	19 visit a farm	20	21 see a film
22	23 milk a cow	24	25 go swimming	26	27	28 ride a horse
29	30 go fishing	31				

What did they do on July 13th?

They went to the zoo.



Read

Cinderella

Cinderella was a **poor young** girl. Her mother was **dead**. Her stepmother^① was bad to her. She made her do all the hard work.



One day the prince^② had a party to find a wife. Cinderella's stepmother took her daughters to the party, but Cinderella had to stay at home. She was very sad.

Just then, a fairy^③ came up. She turned Cinderella's **clothes** into a beautiful dress, and turned a pumpkin^④ into a coach^⑤.



Go to the party now, but you must come back before 12 o'clock.

① stepmother /'stepmʌðə/ 继母

② prince /prɪns/ 王子

③ fairy /'feəri/ 仙女

④ pumpkin /'pʌmpkɪn/ 南瓜

⑤ coach /kəʊtʃ/ 马车



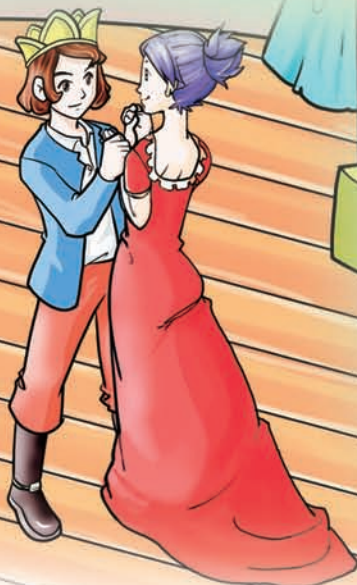
At the party, the prince danced with Cinderella all evening. Soon the clock began to strike^① 12. Cinderella ran out **quickly**. On the way she **lost** one of her glass shoes.



The prince told his men to find the girl. They asked all the girls to try the shoe on, but only Cinderella could put it on.



Cinderella became the prince's wife and they lived happily ever after^②.



① strike 敲 ② ever after 从此

Lesson 5

REVISION



Let's talk

(S = Sam, M = Miss Li)

S: Miss Li, I feel bad.

M: What's the matter, Sam?

S: I think I have a cold.

M: Oh. You should go to see a doctor.

S: I think so.

M: Don't worry about your lessons.

I'll help you.

S: Thank you, Miss Li.



(L = Lily, J = Jack)

L: What was the date yesterday?

J: It was May 1st.

L: What did you do yesterday?

J: We went to the Great Wall.

L: Did you have a good time?

J: No, not very good.

L: Why?

J: Because it rained suddenly and we didn't have **umbrellas**. We all got wet.

L: What bad **luck**!





Revision Exercises

1. Listen and tick.

1.



Yes.

No.

2.



Yes.

No.

3.



Yes.

No.

4.



Yes.

No.

2. Listen and choose.

() 1.

A



B



() 2.

A



B



() 3.

A



B



() 4.

A



B



() 5.

A



B



3. Put the words into the right group.

zoo uncle taxi rain cool windy study China

- | | | | |
|-------------------|-------|-------------------|-------|
| 1. sunny cloudy | _____ | 2. plane car | _____ |
| 3. park library | _____ | 4. grandpa father | _____ |
| 5. cold warm | _____ | 6. snow wind | _____ |
| 7. the UK the USA | _____ | 8. swim bring | _____ |

4. Look at the picture and then put √ (right) or × (wrong) in the boxes.



Qiqi had a party five days ago. Some of his friends were at the party. Look at the picture of the party.

- The children played games in the park.
- The cat had a hot dog in his hand.
- Qiqi wasn't at the party.
- There was a football on the ground.
- There were eight children at the party.
- They all had a good time.

<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>

5. Look at the pictures, then complete the dialogues with the following questions.

- a. What was the date yesterday?
- b. I have a fever. Could you give me some water?
- c. Did you see a film last night?
- d. Did you go shopping last Saturday?
- e. What is he going to do this afternoon?
- f. What did you do yesterday?

1. A: _____

B: No, I had a party.

2. A: _____

B: He is going to play football.

3. A: _____

B: Yes, I did.

4. A: _____

B: OK.

5. A: _____



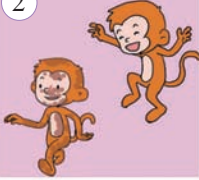
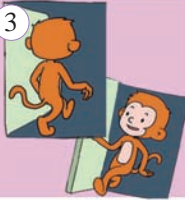
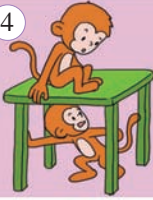
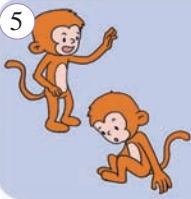



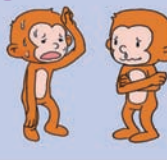
B: It was May 9th.

6. A: _____

B: I saw a film.



6. Fill in the blanks after the model.

Model: 	1 	2 	3 	4 
come <u>go</u>	big s _____	d _____ clean	in o _____	on u _____
5 	6 	7 	8 	9 
s _____ sit	up d _____	t _____ short	h _____ sad	hot c _____

7. What did you do yesterday? Write sentences after the model.

Model: (see a film)

I saw a film yesterday.

1. (watch TV)

2. (visit a friend)







3. (write a letter)

4. (take some photos)

5. (make a kite)

6. (do some shopping)

Self-assessment

I can say			
<p>What's the matter?</p> <p>I'm not feeling well.</p> <p>Could you give me some water, please?</p>			
<p>Did you play basketball yesterday?</p> <p>No, I didn't. I went to visit a friend.</p>			
<p>Did you go boating last Sunday?</p> <p>No, I went to Tiger Zoo.</p>			
<p>What did you do last Saturday?</p> <p>I went to the supermarket.</p>			
I know these words			
wear coat sleep tired			
visit photo angry high			
boat zoo			
<p>supermarket taxi sweater cool young</p> <p>clothes</p>			
umbrella			

Lesson 6

IS THERE A LIBRARY NEAR HERE?



Let's talk



(L = Lulu, M = Mingming)

M: Excuse me. Is there a **library** near here?

L: Yes, there is.

M: Are there any English storybooks in the library?

L: Yes, there are.

M: How can I get there?

L: Go down this street. Turn **left** at the **end**.

You can see it on the right.

M: Thank you.

L: You're welcome.

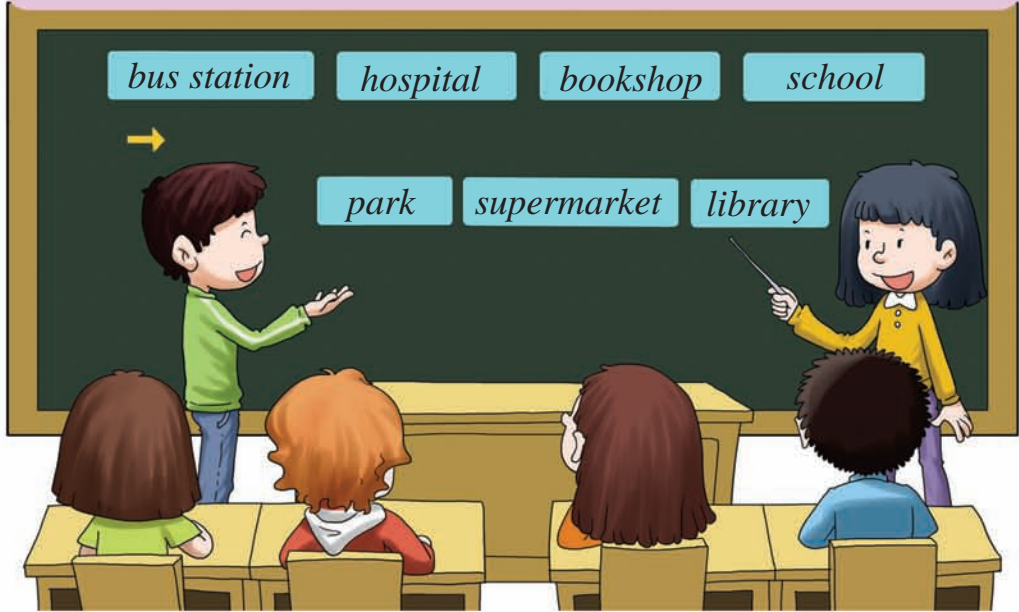




Ask and answer



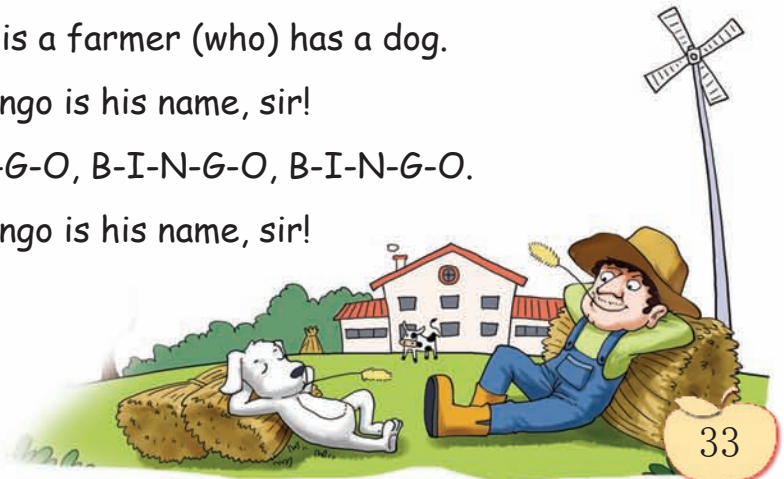
- Excuse me. Is there a library near here?
- Yes, there is.
- How can I get there?
- Go down this street. You can see it on the right.



Let's sing

Bingo

There is a farmer (who) has a dog.
And Bingo is his name, sir!
B-I-N-G-O, B-I-N-G-O, B-I-N-G-O.
And Bingo is his name, sir!





Read

Are you still looking for that place?

It was Monday. Mr Black wanted Jack to go to London^① and give a letter to Mr Brown. Mr Brown's office was next to a hospital.



Now Jack was in London, but he couldn't find the place, so he asked the way. "Excuse me. Is there a hospital near here?" Jack asked an old woman. "Yes, there is. Go down this street. Turn left at the end. The hospital is on the right," the old woman answered.

Jack found the place and gave the letter to Mr Brown.



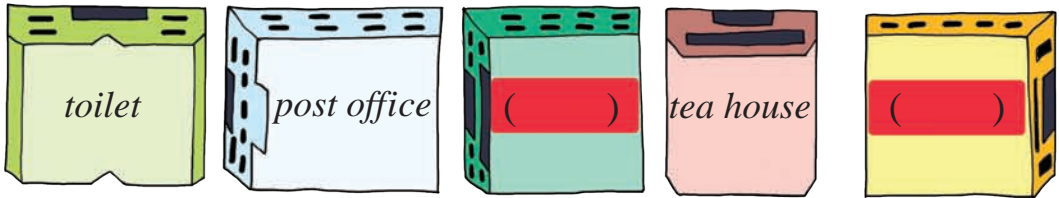
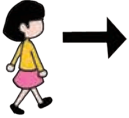
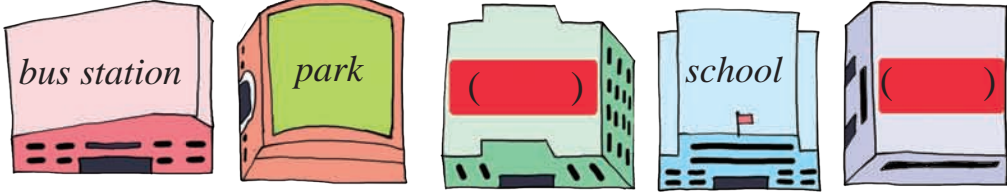
It was Friday. Mr Black wanted Jack to see Mr Brown again. He was in London, but he still couldn't find the hospital. "Excuse me. Is there a hospital near here?" Jack met an old woman and asked. That was the same woman. She was **surprised** and said, "Are you still looking for that place?"





Revision Exercises

1. Listen and put the letters in the brackets.



- A. hospital
- B. cinema
- C. food shop
- D. library

2. Circle the word according to the picture.

1. There is a clock (in / on) the desk.



2. There are some oranges (behind / in) the bag.



3. There is a park (near / behind) the school.



4. There is a cat (under / behind) the chair.



3. Write sentences after the model.

Model: There are two hens under the tree.

There aren't two hens under the tree.

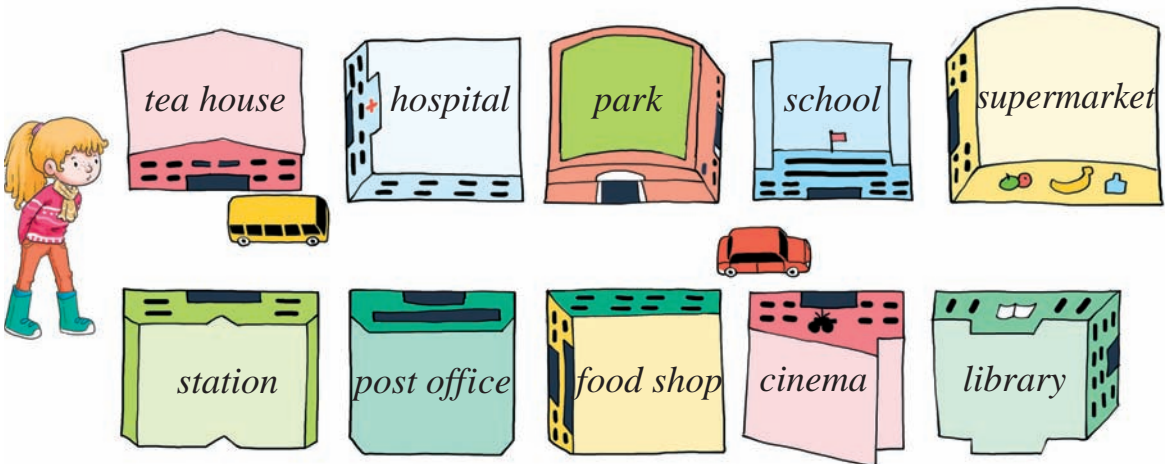
Are there two hens under the tree?

1. There is some meat in the fridge.

2. There is a library near the hospital.

3. There are some goats behind the house.

4. Look at the picture and write out the answers.



1. Where is the park? _____

2. Is there a cinema near the school? _____

3. How can Eve get to the library? _____

4. How can Eve get to the supermarket? _____

5. Is there a hospital on the left of the street? _____

6. How can Eve get to the food shop? _____

Lesson 7

WHERE DO THE TIGERS COME FROM?



Let's talk

(G = Gao Tao, N = Nick, H = Helen)

G: This is Beijing Zoo. There are a lot of animals here — elephants, bears, tigers and many others.

N: Where do the tigers come from?

G: They come from northeast^① China.

H: What do the animals eat?

G: Tigers and bears eat meat.

Elephants eat plants.

N: Are there any pandas here?

G: Yes, there are some. Look! There they are.

N: Wow! They are lovely!

H: Do pandas only live in China?

G: Yes, they do. They're my favourite animals.

N: We like them, too.

H: Let's take some photos of them.

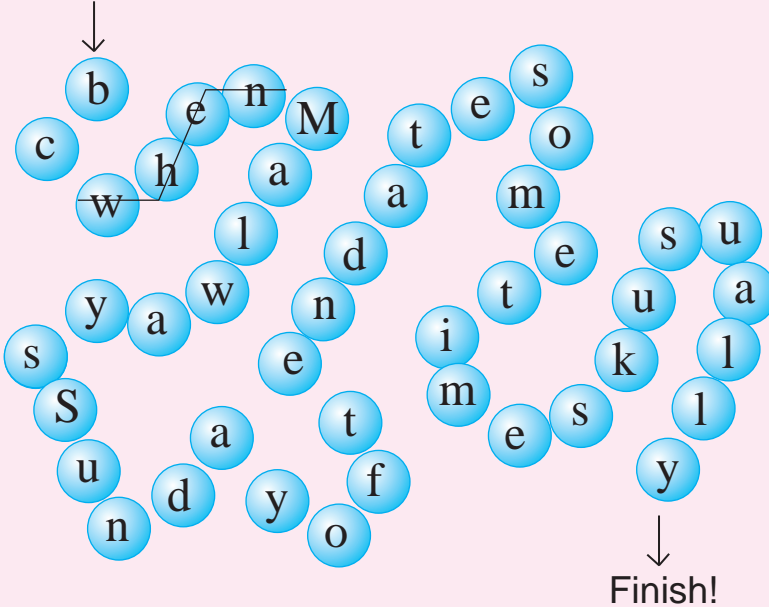
G: OK.





Look and find

Start!



when

1. a_____

2. S_____

3. o_____

4. d_____

5. s_____

6. u_____



Let's sing

The farmer in the field

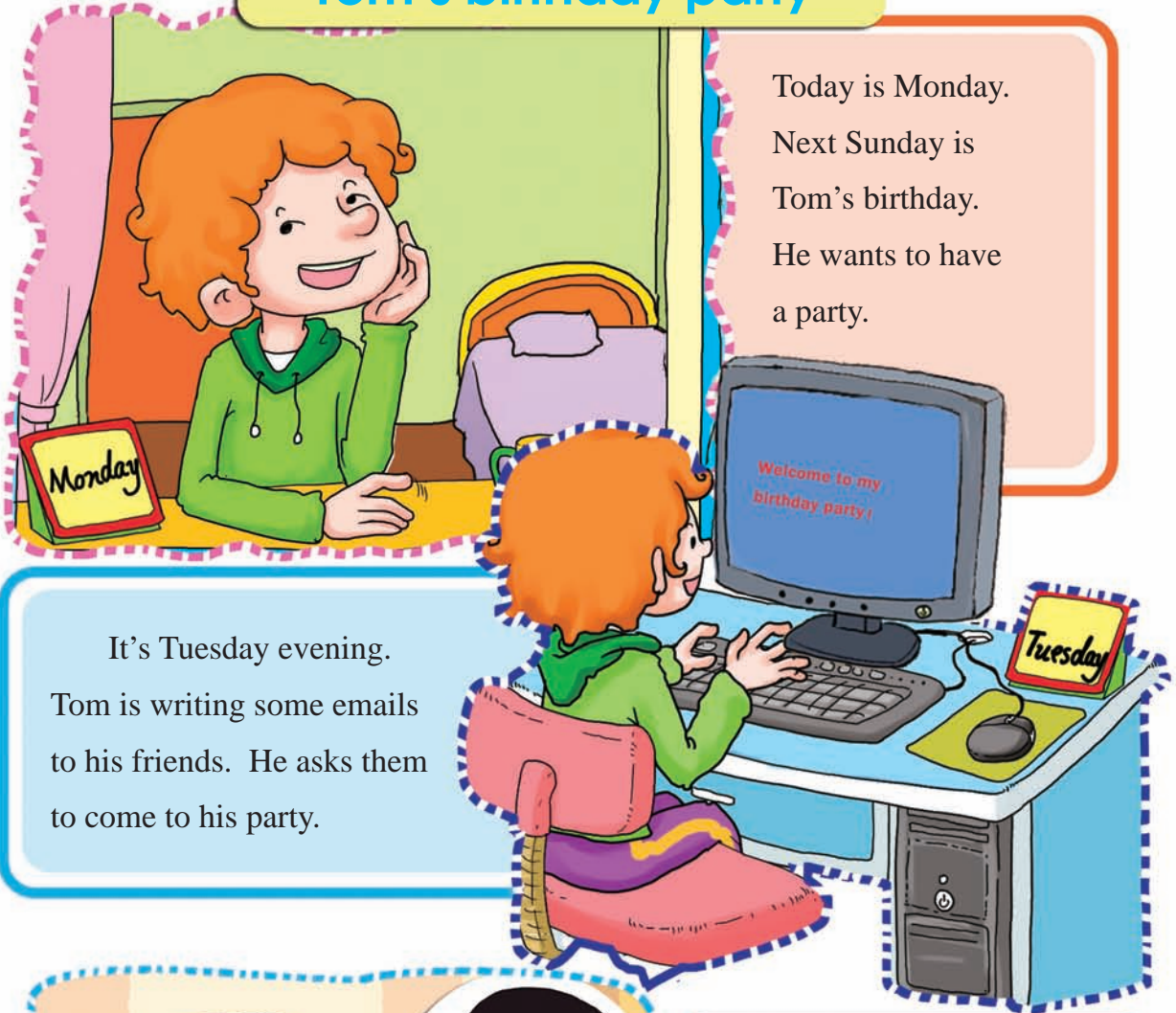
- (1) The farmer in the field. The farmer in the field.
Hi-ho the Derry-o. The farmer in the field.
- (2) The farmer takes the wife. ...
- (3) The wife takes the child. ...
- (4) The child takes the dog. ...
- (5) The dog takes the cat. ...
- (6) The cat takes the rat. ...





Read

Tom's birthday party



Today is Monday.
Next Sunday is
Tom's birthday.
He wants to have
a party.

It's Tuesday evening.
Tom is writing some emails
to his friends. He asks them
to come to his party.



Today is Thursday.
Tom is talking to Lulu
on the telephone. He is
asking her to come to
the party.

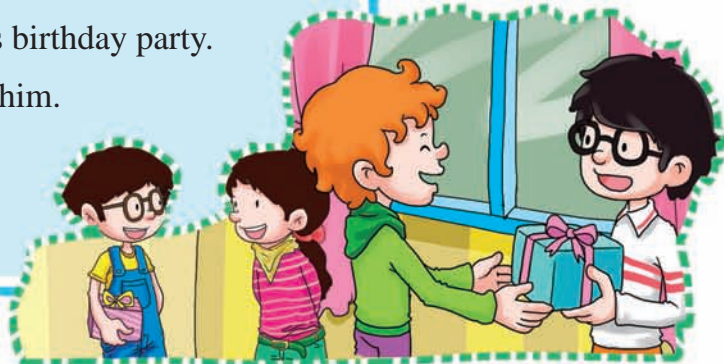
It's Saturday morning. Tom is in a shop. He is buying some food and drink.



It's Saturday afternoon. Dongdong and Lulu are in a shop. They are buying a present for Tom.



Today is Sunday. It's 7:30 in the evening. Lots of friends come to Tom's birthday party. They sing *Happy Birthday* to him. Tom is very happy.





Revision Exercises

























1. Listen and connect.

Hi, I'm Willa. I come from London.
 I get up at seven thirty.
 I usually go to school by bus.
 I like swimming.



Willa Dongdong Yanyan Paul
 Hong Kong London Beijing New York
 seven thirty seven eight six thirty
 by bike by bus on foot by car
 skating playing football fishing swimming

2. Read the chart and fill in the blanks.

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
1.  Li Ning					
2.  Tim					
3.  Fangfang					
4.  Dot					

- Li Ning _____ goes to school by bus.
- Tim _____ goes to school by bus.
- Fangfang _____ goes to school by bus.
- Dot _____ goes to school by bus.
She _____ walks.



3. Read and match.

A

- 1. What does your father do?
- 2. Does your friend have big eyes?
- 3. Where do you come from?
- 4. Does Jim like playing ping-pong?

B

- A. Yes, he does.
- B. He is a teacher.
- C. No, he likes playing basketball.
- D. I come from the USA.

Lesson 8

WHO ARE YOU GOING TO PLAY?



Let's talk

(B = Buzz, D = Dongdong)

B: It's Sunday tomorrow. There's going to be a football match **between** Japan and China.

D: What time is it going to start?

B: At three o'clock in the afternoon. I have two tickets here.
Do you want to go with me?

D: I'd love to, but I can't. We are going to have a basketball match tomorrow afternoon.

B: What a pity! Who are you going to play?

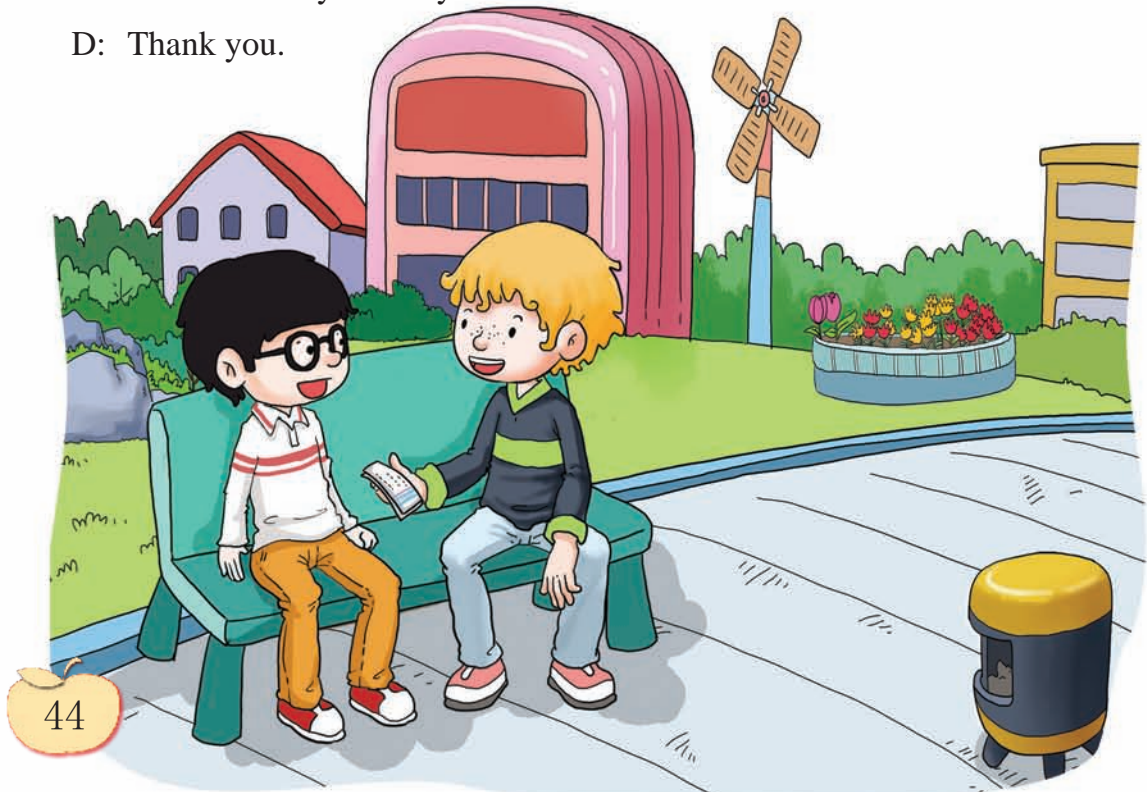
D: A **team** from No. 2 Middle School.

B: Where are you going to play?

D: At our school.

B: Good luck to you and your team!

D: Thank you.





A game

Go! Go! My ball!

What will you do tomorrow?

I will go swimming. What will you do this evening?

I will go dancing. What will you do ...?



Read

The weather in the UK

In the UK, people often talk about the weather. Why? Because the weather there often changes quickly. They can have four seasons in one day.

In the morning the weather is warm, and it's just like a spring day. An hour later black clouds come, and then it rains hard like in summer. In the afternoon the sky will be clear, the sun will begin to shine, and it can be like a day in autumn. Then evening comes, and it can be cold like a winter's day.



When you go to the UK, you will see some people going out with an umbrella on a sunny morning. You should not laugh at them. If you don't take an umbrella or a **raincoat** with you, you may get wet in the rain later in the day.





Revision Exercises

1. Listen and number.



2. Fill in the blanks.

1.

Do Will

_____ you do morning exercises tomorrow?

_____ you do morning exercises every day?

2.

doesn't isn't

Lucy _____ go to school by bus every morning.

My mother _____ going to buy any food after work.

3.

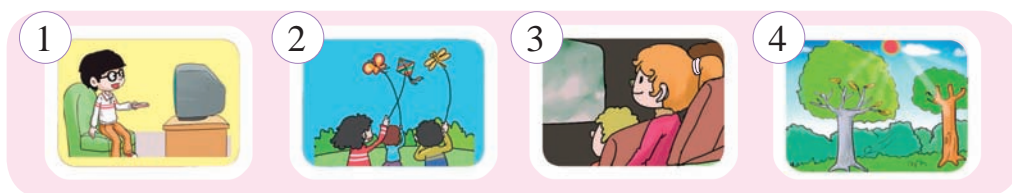
doing going

What are you _____ to do this Sunday?

We are _____ some shopping now.

3. Look at the pictures and complete the dialogues.

- What are you going to do?
— I am going to _____ .
- Are you going to _____ ?
— Yes, we are.
- What will Eve do tomorrow?
— She will _____ .
- It will _____ this Sunday.
— That's good. We can go to the park.



4. Look and write.

Model: I, visit my grandpa, tomorrow

I am going to visit my grandpa tomorrow.

I will visit my grandpa tomorrow.

1. we, have a sports meeting, next Sunday

2. Linda, make a card, this evening

3. she, do her homework, after school

Lesson 9

I HELPED A DEAF MAN TO GET HOME



Let's talk

(M = Mum, P = Peter)

M: Why are you so late today, Peter?

P: I helped a **deaf** man to get home. He was lost.

M: You did a good job, Peter.

P: But Mum, he couldn't hear. I really didn't know how to talk to him.

M: So how did you know where he lived?

P: Another boy helped me. He knew some sign language^①.

M: Oh, he's a good boy, too.

P: Yes, Mum. I think I should learn some sign language, so that I can help more people.



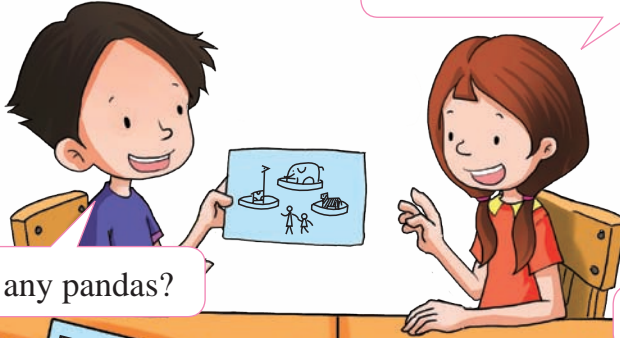


Ask and answer



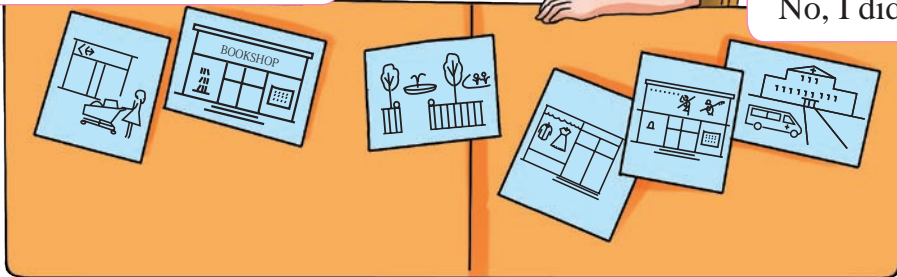
What did you do last Sunday?

I went to the zoo with my brother.



Did you see any pandas?

No, I didn't.



Look, write and say

Fill in the form below. Then tell your class about yourself.

My name is Liu Li. My birthday is on May 8th. ...



Question	Answer
What's your name?	
When is your birthday?	
What's your birth place?	
Who was your English teacher last term?	
What did you do yesterday evening?	
Who did you visit last Sunday?	



Read

The fisherman and the goldfish

Once there lived a poor fisherman^①.
Every day he went to fish. One day
he caught a goldfish^②. The fish
said to him, “Please let me go.
I can give you anything you
want.” The old man was kind
and he let the fish go.



He went home and told his wife about the
goldfish. His wife got very angry and said, “I
want a new dress. Go and find the goldfish.”



The old man went back to the sea.
He asked the goldfish for a new dress.
The goldfish said yes.





The man was happy to see his wife in a new dress, but his wife wasn't happy. She wanted a big house. He asked the fish and they got a big house.

But his wife was still not happy. This time she wanted to be the **queen** of the sea.

The goldfish said, "She wants too much. That's too bad."



The fisherman went back and saw his wife in their old hut. She was in her old dress again.





Revision Exercises

1. Listen and match.



1.



2.



3.



4.



A



B



C



D

2. Complete the sentences with the simple past form of the verbs.

buy, fly, take, go, read, wash

1. I _____ some fruit with Lele yesterday.

2. I _____ a book last night.

3. Mary _____ some photos yesterday.

4. My mother _____ some clothes yesterday morning.

5. My parents _____ to Canada last week.

6. He _____ a kite last Sunday.

3. Look and write.

Model:

Dongdong went to school by bike this morning.

Dongdong didn't go to school by bike this morning.

Did Dongdong go to school by bike this morning?

Yes, he did.



1.



2.



3.



1. My sister made a cake last Sunday.

My sister _____ a cake last Sunday.

_____ your sister _____ a cake last Sunday?

Yes, she _____.

2. They planted some trees yesterday.

They _____ any trees yesterday.

_____ they _____ any trees yesterday?

Yes, they _____.

3. Tom saw a film last night.

Tom _____ last night.

_____ Tom _____ last night?

Yes, he _____.

Lesson 10

REVISION



Let's talk

(D = Dali, J = John, Y = Yueyue)

D: What are you going to do in the winter holiday, John?

J: We're going to visit Hong Kong.

Y: You'll love it! I went there two years ago.

We had a great time.

J: How long did it take you to get there?

Y: It took about three hours to get there by plane.

J: And which places did you visit?

Y: We visited Disneyland^① and Ocean Park^②.

D: How long did you stay in Hong Kong?

Y: Four days.

J: Wow! I hope to go to
Hong Kong soon.





Read

A trip around the world



CN Tower

(加拿大多伦多电视塔)

My name is Jimmy. I'm a **student**. I live in Toronto^①, Canada^②.



the White House

(美国华盛顿白宫)



the Statue of Liberty (美国纽约自由女神像)

Last summer holiday my **parents** and I went to the USA. We visited New York and Washington.

① Toronto /tə'ɒntəʊ/ 多伦多 ② Canada /'kænədə/ 加拿大

Big Ben

(英国伦敦大本钟)



Then we flew to the UK, and visited the famous Big Ben in London.

the Eiffel Tower

(法国巴黎埃菲尔铁塔)



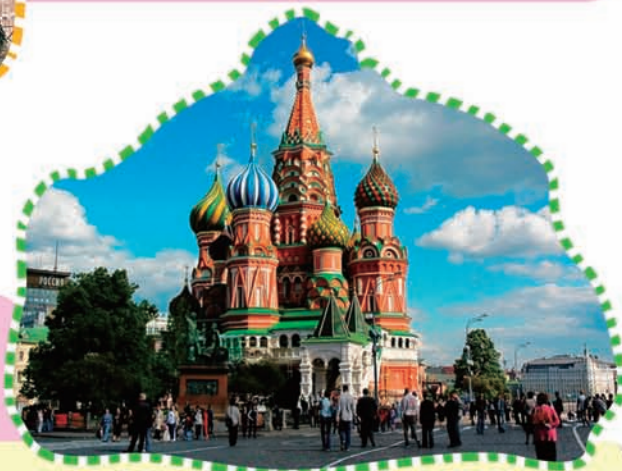
After that, we went to France^① and did some shopping in Paris^②. We had a great time.

This summer we will go to Rome^③, the capital of Italy^④.



the Colosseum

(意大利罗马古斗兽场)



St. Basil's Cathedral (俄罗斯莫斯科救世主大教堂)

From Rome, we will go to Moscow^⑤ by plane. It's the capital of Russia^⑥.

① France /frɑ:ns/ 法国

② Paris /'pærɪs/ 巴黎

③ Rome /rəʊm/ 罗马

④ Italy /'ɪtəli/ 意大利

⑤ Moscow /'mɒskəʊ/ 莫斯科

⑥ Russia /'rʌʃə/ 俄罗斯



the Great Wall (中国长城)



the Bird's Nest (中国国家体育馆)

Then we will fly to Beijing, the capital of China. We are going to **climb** the Great Wall and visit the Bird's Nest.

From China we will fly to Australia. We will visit Sydney^① there.



the Opera House

(澳大利亚悉尼歌剧院)



Then my trip around the world will come to an end. I hope I can **travel** to the **moon** some day.

① Sydney /'sɪdni/ 悉尼



Revision Exercises

1. Listen and tick.

<p>1.</p>  <p>Yes. <input type="checkbox"/> No. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>2.</p>  <p>Yes. <input type="checkbox"/> No. <input type="checkbox"/></p>
<p>3.</p>  <p>Yes. <input type="checkbox"/> No. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>4.</p>  <p>Yes. <input type="checkbox"/> No. <input type="checkbox"/></p>



2. Listen and circle the right answer.



- A. It's June 2nd.
B. It's Friday.
- A. It's forty-five.
B. It's twenty *yuan*.
- A. It will be cold.
B. I will go to the zoo.
- A. Turn left and you can see the library.
B. There is a library behind it.
- A. Yes, I did.
B. Yes, I was.



3. Complete the sentences.



1. It's eight o'clock. We _____ (watch) TV now.
2. Jim usually _____ (fly) a kite in the park.
3. Dongdong and Lily _____ (go) to the library last Saturday.
4. I _____ (have) a party tomorrow evening.
5. A TV _____ (not have) a mouse.
6. Listen! Who _____ (sing) in the next room?
7. Tim _____ (clean) his car tomorrow.
8. Last summer holiday my parents and I _____ (go) to Canada.



4. Look and say.



Model: Lele  

1. Meg  

2. Sam  

3. Peg  

4. Billy  

5. Kitty  

Model: Lele has a bike.

Lele likes riding a bike.

Lele is riding a bike now.

5. Look and write.

1.



A: Excuse me.

Is there a _____ near here?

B: Yes, there is.

A: How _____ I _____ there?

B: Go down this street. _____
right at the school. The library
is on the left.

2.

Day	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
8:00-8:40	maths	Chinese	Chinese		
8:50-9:30	English	English	English		
9:50-10:30	Chinese	music	maths		
10:40-11:20	computer	maths	art		
14:00-14:40	art	writing	computer		
14:50-15:30	PE	PE	ME		

A: What day is it _____?

B: It's Monday.

A: _____ do you have this
afternoon?

B: We have art and PE.

A: Do you _____ art class?

B: Yes, I do, because I like
drawing pictures.

3.



A: Where does Miss King come
from?

B: She _____ the USA.

A: What _____ she _____?

B: She is a teacher.

A: _____ does she work now?

B: She works in our school.

4.



A: Can I help you?

B: Yes, I'd like some hot dogs.

A: _____ would you
like?


B: Three, please. _____
_____ are they?

A: Fifteen *yuan*.

B: Here is the money.

A: Thank you.

Self-assessment

I can say			
<p>Is there a library near here? Yes, there is. How can I get there? Go down this street. Turn left at the end. You can see it on the right.</p>			
<p>Where do the tigers come from? They come from northeast China. Do pandas only live in China? Yes, they do.</p>			
<p>There's going to be a football match between Japan and China. We are going to have a basketball match tomorrow afternoon. Where are you going to play? At our school.</p>			
<p>Why are you so late today? I helped a deaf man to get home.</p>			
I know these words			
library left			
between hour			
holiday student parent travel moon			

Words in each lesson

各课词汇表

(注：本表中只收录 Let's talk 和 Read 部分的生词)



Lesson 1

wear /weə/	穿
coat /kəʊt/	外套，上衣
sleep /sli:p/	睡觉
tired /'taɪəd/	累的
pass /pɑ:s/	传递，经过，通过
headache /'hedeɪk/	头痛
habit /'hæbɪt/	习惯
have a cold	感冒
stay up	熬夜
go to bed	上床睡觉
from then on	从那时起
What's the matter?	怎么了？



Lesson 2

visit /'vɪzɪt/	参观，探望
----------------	-------

photo /'fəʊtəʊ/	照片
angry /'æŋɡrɪ/	生气的
high /haɪ/	高的
once /wʌns/	从前
trip /trɪp/	旅行
build /bɪld/	建造
take photos	拍照



Lesson 3

boat /bəʊt/	小船；划船
zoo /zu:/	动物园
last /lɑ:st/	最后，上一个
life /laɪf/	生活，生命
protect /prə'tekt/	保护
mine /maɪn/	我的
middle /'mɪdl/	中间

off /ɒf/ 离开，脱离

world /wɜːld/ 世界

have a good look at 好好看看

do one's best 竭尽全力

wait for 等待

in the middle of 在... ..中间

after some time 一段时间之后



Lesson 4

supermarket /'su:pəmə:kɪt/ 超市

taxi /'tæksɪ/ 出租汽车

sweater /'swetə/ 毛衣

cool /ku:l/ 凉快的，酷

young /jʌŋ/ 年轻的

clothes /kləʊðz/ 衣服

poor /pʊə/ 贫穷的，可怜的

dead /ded/ 死的

quickly /'kwɪkli/ 迅速地

lose /luːz/ 丢失

try on 试穿

put on 穿上



Lesson 5

umbrella /ʌm'brelə/ 雨伞

luck /lʌk/ 运气



Lesson 6

library /'laɪbrəri/ 图书馆

left /left/ 左边

end /end/ 末端，尽头

surprised /sə'praɪzd/ 感到惊讶的

at the end 最后

on the right 在右边

next to 紧挨着

look for 寻找



Lesson 7

lovely /'lʌvli/ 可爱的

a lot of 许多



Lesson 8

between /brɪ'twi:n/ 在（两者）之间

hour /'aʊə/ 小时

team /ti:m/ 队，组

later /'leɪtə/ 以后，后来

cloud /klaʊd/ 云

clear /klɪə/ 清楚的，明亮的

shine /ʃaɪn/ 照亮，发亮

raincoat /'reɪnkəʊt/ 雨衣

talk about 谈论

laugh at 嘲笑

What a pity! 多可惜啊！



Lesson 9

deaf /def/ 聋的

queen /kwi:n/ 皇后，女王



Lesson 10

holiday /'hɒlədeɪ/ 假日

student /'stju:dənt/ 学生

parent /'peərənt/ 父（母）亲

travel /'trævl/ 旅行

moon /mu:n/ 月亮

ago /ə'gəʊ/ 以前

famous /'feɪməs/ 著名的

capital /'kæpɪtl/ 首都

climb /klaɪm/ 爬，攀登

come to an end 结束

some day 将来有一天

【注】红色词是课标规定的重点词，要求学生能够听、说、认读、拼写，蓝色词要求学生能够听、说、认读，不要求拼写。

Word list

词汇表

A

ago /ə'gəʊ/	以前	10
angry /'æŋɡrɪ/	生气的	2

B

between /bɪ'twi:n/	在（两者）之间	8
boat /bəʊt/	小船；划船	3
build /bɪld/	建造	2

C

capital /'kæpɪtl/	首都	10
clear /kɪə/	清楚的，明亮的	8
climb /klaɪm/	爬，攀登	10
clothes /kləʊðz/	衣服	4
cloud /klaʊd/	云	8
coat /kəʊt/	外套，上衣	1
cool /ku:l/	凉快的，酷	4

D

dead /ded/	死的	4
deaf /def/	聋的	9

E

end /end/	末端，尽头	6
-----------	-------	---

F

famous /'feɪməs/	著名的	10
------------------	-----	----

H

habit /'hæbɪt/	习惯	1
----------------	----	---

headache /'hedetk/	头痛	1
high /haɪ/	高的	2
holiday /'hɒlədeɪ/	假日	10
hour /'aʊə/	小时	8

L

last /lɑ:st/	最后，上一个	3
later /'leɪtə/	以后，后来	8
left /left/	左边	6
library /'laɪbrəri/	图书馆	6
life /laɪf/	生活，生命	3
lose /lu:z/	丢失	4
lovely /'lʌvli/	可爱的	7
luck /lʌk/	运气	5

M

middle /'mɪdl/	中间	3
mine /maɪn/	我的	3
moon /mu:n/	月亮	10

O

off /ɒf/	离开，脱离	3
once /wʌns/	从前	2

P

parent /'peərənt/	父（母）亲	10
pass /pɑ:s/	传递，经过，通过	1
photo /'fəʊtəʊ/	照片	2
poor /puə/	贫穷的，可怜的	4

protect /prə'tekt/ 保护 3

Q

queen /kwi:n/ 皇后, 女王 9

quickly /'kwɪklɪ/ 迅速地 4

R

raincoat /'reɪnkəʊt/ 雨衣 8

S

shine /ʃaɪn/ 照亮, 发亮 8

sleep /sli:p/ 睡觉 1

student /'stju:dənt/ 学生 10

supermarket /'su:pəmə:kɪt/ 超市 4

surprised /sə'praɪzd/ 感到惊讶的 6

sweater /'swetə/ 毛衣 4

T

taxi /'tæksɪ/ 出租汽车 4

team /ti:m/ 队, 组 8

tired /'taɪəd/ 累的 1

travel /'trævl/ 旅行 10

trip /trɪp/ 旅行 2

U

umbrella /ʌm'brelə/ 雨伞 5

V

visit /'vɪzɪt/ 参观, 探望 2

W

wear /weə/ 穿 1

world /wɜ:ld/ 世界 3

Y

young /jʌŋ/ 年轻的 4

Z

zoo /zu:/ 动物园 3

Expressions

a lot of 许多 7

after some time 一段时间之后 3

at the end 最后 6

come to an end 结束 10

do one's best 竭尽全力 3

from then on 从那时起 1

go to bed 上床睡觉 1

have a cold 感冒 1

have a good look at 好好看看 3

in the middle of 在... ..中间 3

laugh at 嘲笑 8

look for 寻找 6

next to 紧挨着 6

on the right 在右边 6

put on 穿上 4

some day 将来有一天 10

stay up 熬夜 1

take photos 拍照 2

talk about 谈论 8

try on 试穿 4

wait for 等待 3

What a pity! 多可惜啊! 8

What's the matter? 怎么了? 1

【注】红色词是课标规定的重点词。

Irregular verbs

不规则动词表

be	was/were	find	found	run	ran
become	became	fly	flew	say	said
begin	began	forget	forgot	see	saw
bring	brought	get	got	send	sent
build	built	give	gave	sing	sang
buy	bought	go	went	sit	sat
can	could	have	had	sleep	slept
catch	caught	hear	heard	speak	spoke
choose	chose	hit	hit	stand	stood
come	came	know	knew	swim	swam
cut	cut	let	let	take	took
do	did	lose	lost	tell	told
draw	drew	make	made	think	thought
drink	drank	meet	met	wear	wore
drive	drove	put	put	write	wrote
eat	ate	read	read /red/		
fall	fell	ride	rode		
feel	felt	ring	rang		

Word families

分类词汇表

(C) 1. in

() 2. on

() 3. under

() 4. behind

() 5. beside

() 6. between

() 7. in front of



A



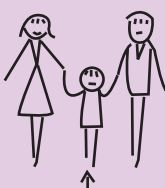
B



C



D



E



F



G

(G) 1. farm

() 2. school

() 3. library

() 4. hospital

() 5. cinema

() 6. shop

() 7. bookshop

() 8. supermarket

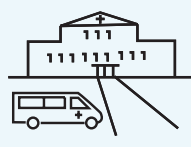
() 9. park

() 10. zoo

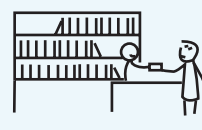
() 11. bridge



A



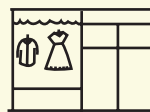
B



C



D



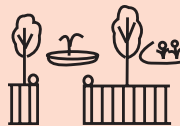
E



F



G



H



I



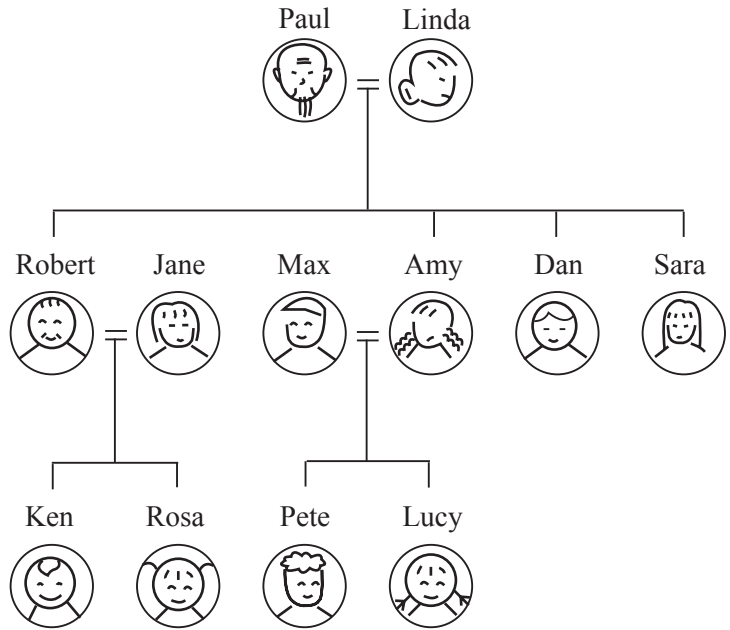
J



K

1. I'm Pete. Max is my C. Amy is my _____. Ken is my _____.
2. I'm Ken. Rosa is my _____. Sara is my _____. Dan is my _____.
3. I'm Lucy. Paul is my _____. Linda is my _____. Rosa is my _____.
4. I'm Rosa. Robert and Jane are my _____. Ken is my _____.
5. I'm Robert. Jane is my _____. Ken is my _____. Rosa is my _____.

- A. grandfather
- B. grandmother
- C. father
- D. mother
- E. parents
- F. wife
- G. uncle
- H. aunt
- I. brother
- J. sister
- K. cousin
- L. son
- M. daughter



Model: pretty → *beautiful*

- | | | |
|------------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| 1. good → n____ | 2. high → t____ | 3. little → s_____ |
| 4. quick → f____ | 5. look → s__ | 6. hear → l_____ |

Model: dry → wet cry → laugh

1. fast → s___ 2. down → u_ 3. free → b___

4. late → e_____ 5. wrong → r_____ 6. right → l___

7. fat → t___ 8. happy → s__ 9. silly → c_____

10. dirty → c_____ 11. far → n___ 12. easy → d_____

13. close → o___ 14. stop → b_____ 15. sit → s_____

() 1. get up

() 2. go to school

() 3. go to work

() 4. go back home

() 5. go to bed

() 6. do sports

() 7. do morning exercises

() 8. take(go for) a walk



Additional word list

本套教材总词汇表

(注: 单词后所标注的数字为该词首次要求掌握的册次和课次, 1 为三年级上册, 以此类推)

A

a, an /ə, æn/	一个	1-1/8
about /ə'baʊt/	关于; 大约, 到处	4-4
afraid /ə'freɪd/	害怕的	6-10
after /'ɑ:ftə/	在...之后	6-12
afternoon /,ɑ:ftə'nu:n/	下午	6-1
again /ə'geɪn/	再	2-1
age /eɪdʒ/	年龄	7-7
ago /ə'gəʊ/	以前	8-10
air /eə/	空气	7-4
all /ɔ:l/	都	4-4
along /ə'lɒŋ/	沿着	7-10
also /'ɔ:lsəʊ/	也	4-8
always /'ɔ:lweɪz/	总是	5-5
am /æm/	是	1-1
American /ə'merɪkən/	美国人(的)	6-8
and /ænd/	和	1-9
angry /'æŋɡrɪ/	生气的	8-2
animal /'ænɪml/	动物	2-3
another /ə'nʌðə/	另一个	7-2
answer /'ɑ:nsə/	回答	6-2
any /'eni/	一些	3-5
anything /'eniθɪŋ/	任何事物	5-9
apple /'æpl/	苹果	1-11
April /'eɪprəl/	四月	7-7
are /ɑ:/	是	1-2
arm /ɑ:m/	手臂	5-8
around /ə'raʊnd/	在周围	7-7

art /ɑ:t/	艺术	6-8
ask /ɑ:sk/	问	4-1
at /æt/	在... ..	4-4
aunt /ɑ:nt/	姑, 姨, 舅母等	3-11
autumn /'ɔ:təm/	秋天	4-9

B

baby /'beɪbɪ/	婴儿	1-11
back /bæk/	向后; 背	5-10
bad /bæd/	坏的	2-1
bag /bæg/	书包	1-9
ball /bɔ:l/	球	4-11
banana /bə'nɑ:nə/	香蕉	1-11
basketball /'bɑ:skɪtbɔ:l/	篮球	4-11
be /bi:/	是	4-4
bear /beə/	熊	1-6
beautiful /'bjʊ:təfl/	美丽的	4-1
because /br'kɒz/	因为	4-9
become /br'kʌm/	成为	7-7
bed /bed/	床	2-4
bedroom /'bedrʊm/	卧室	6-9
bee /bi:/	蜜蜂	1-7
before /br'fɔ:/	在... ..以前	6-10
begin /br'ɡɪn/	开始	7-1
behind /br'hænd/	在... ..后	4-3
bend /bend/	弯曲	3-1
beside /br'saɪd/	在... ..旁边	3-9
between /br'twi:n/	在(两者)之间	8-8

big /bɪg/	大的	1-12	can /kæn/	能	1-12
bike /baɪk/(bicycle)	自行车	2-9	candle /'kændl/	蜡烛	2-12
bird /bɜːd/	鸟	1-7	candy /'kændi/	糖果	7-8
birthday /'bɜːθdeɪ/	生日	2-11	cap /kæp/	便帽	1-9
black /blæk/	黑色的	1-9	capital /'kæpɪtl/	首都	8-10
blackboard /'blækbɔːd/	黑板	6-3	car /kɑː/	小汽车	3-11
blue /bluː/	蓝色的	1-9	card /kɑːd/	卡片	5-4
boat /bəʊt/	小船；划船	8-3	carrot /'kærət/	胡萝卜	5-7
body /'bɒdi/	身体	4-8	carry /'kæri/	携带，搬运	4-11
book /bʊk/	书	3-3	cat /kæt/	猫	1-1
bookshop /'bʊkʃɒp/	书店	7-4	catch /kætʃ/	抓住	4-12
bottle /'bɒtl/	瓶子	5-7	centre /'sentə/	中心	5-1
box /bɒks/	盒子	1-9	certainly /'sɜːtnli/	当然	6-1
boy /bɔɪ/	男孩	2-8	chair /tʃeə/	椅子	3-10
bread /bred/	面包	3-12	change /tʃeɪndʒ/	改变	7-3
breakfast /'brekfəst/	早餐	6-7	chick /tʃɪk/	小鸡	1-11
bridge /brɪdʒ/	桥	7-10	chicken /'tʃɪkɪn/	鸡，鸡肉	5-9
bright /braɪt/	明亮的	7-10	child /tʃaɪld/	儿童（复 children ）	5-10
bring /brɪŋ/	带来	7-1	China /'tʃaɪnə/	中国	7-2
brother /'brʌðə/	兄弟	2-8	Chinese /,tʃaɪ'niːz/	汉语，中国人（的）	4-4
brown /braʊn/	棕色的	3-6	choose /tʃuːz/	选择	6-5
build /bɪld/	建造	8-2	Christmas /'krɪsməs/	圣诞节	7-8
building /'bɪldɪŋ/	大楼	7-6	cinema /'sɪnɪmə/	电影院	6-12
bun /bʌn/	馒头	1-8	city /'sɪti/	城市	7-10
bus /bʌs/	公共汽车	3-11	class /klɑːs/	班级	4-3
busy /'bɪzi/	忙的	4-9	classroom /'klɑːsrʊm/	教室	5-1
but /bʌt/	但是	2-2	clean /kliːn/	弄干净；清洁的	4-10
buy /baɪ/	买	5-7	cleaner /'kliːnə/	清洁工	6-5
by /baɪ/	乘（车等）	6-11	clear /klɪə/	清楚的，明亮的	8-8
bye /baɪ/	再见	1-3	clever /'klevə/	聪明的	5-9
C			climb /klaɪm/	爬，攀登	8-10
cake /keɪk/	蛋糕	2-7	clock /klɒk/	钟	3-2
call /kɔːl/	打电话，叫	4-7	close /kləʊz/	关	2-10

clothes /kləʊðz/	衣服	8-4
cloud /klaʊd/	云	8-8
cloudy /'klaʊdɪ/	多云的	7-3
coat /kəʊt/	外套, 上衣	8-1
coke /kəʊk/	可乐	2-11
cold /kəʊld/	冷的	2-10
colour /'kʌlə/	颜色 (美 color)	1-9
come /kʌm/	来	2-11
computer /kəm'pjʊ:tə/	计算机	4-12
cook /kʊk/	厨师; 煮, 烧	4-10
cool /ku:l/	凉快的, 酷	8-4
could /kʊd/	可以	5-8
count /kaʊnt/	数	7-7
country /'kʌntri/	国家	7-4
cousin /'kʌzn/	堂 / 表兄弟姐妹	6-2
cow /kaʊ/	奶牛	3-9
crayon /'kreɪən/	蜡笔	7-2
cross /krɒs/	穿过	6-2
cry /kraɪ/	哭, 喊	5-8
cup /kʌp/	茶杯	3-2
cut /kʌt/	切, 砍	3-12

D

dad /dæd/	爸爸	1-10
dance /dɑ:ns/	跳舞	3-1
date /deɪt/	日期	7-7
daughter /'dɔ:tə/	女儿	6-11
day /deɪ/	白天	2-5
dead /ded/	死的	8-4
deaf /def/	聋的	8-9
dear /dɪə/	亲爱的	3-10
December /dɪ'sembə/	十二月	7-8
deep /di:p/	深的	6-7
deer /dɪə/	鹿	4-8

desk /desk/	书桌	3-2
difficult /'dɪfɪkəlt/	困难的	7-4
dinner /'dɪnə/	正餐, 晚餐	7-7
dirty /'dɜ:ti/	脏的	6-3
do /du:/	做	3-12
doctor /'dɒktə/	医生	3-7
dog /dɒg/	狗	1-1
doll /dɒl/	洋娃娃	2-4
donkey /'dɒŋki/	驴	4-8
door /dɔ:/	门	2-6
down /daʊn/	向下	1-4
draw /drɔ:/	画	4-10
dress /dres/	连衣裙, 女服; 打扮	2-2
drink /drɪŋk/	喝; 饮料	5-7
drive /draɪv/	驾驶	7-10
driver /'draɪvə/	司机	7-9
drop /drɒp/	掉落	6-3
dry /draɪ/	干的	7-3
duck /dʌk/	鸭子	1-6

E

ear /ɪə/	耳朵	5-3
early /'ɜ:lɪ/	早的	6-9
earth /ɜ:θ/	地球	7-3
easy /'i:zɪ/	容易的	6-5
eat /i:t/	吃	3-12
egg /eg/	蛋	1-8
eight /eɪt/	八	3-8
either /'aɪðə/	也不	5-11
elephant /'elɪfənt/	大象	2-3
eleven /ɪ'levn/	十一	3-9
else /els/	其它的	5-9
email /'i:meɪl/	电子邮件	5-3
end /end/	末端, 尽头	8-6

English /'ɪŋɡlɪʃ/	英语；英国的	2-1
enjoy /ɪn'dʒɔɪ/	喜欢，享受	5-5
evening /'i:vniŋ/	晚上	4-7
every /'evri/	每一个	5-3
everyone /'evriwʌn/	每一个	5-5
everywhere /'evriweə/	到处	5-11
exercise /'eksəsaɪz/	练习，体操	6-9
eye /aɪ/	眼睛	5-3

F

face /feɪs/	脸，面孔	4-10
family /'fæməli/	家庭	3-4
famous /'feɪməs/	著名的	8-10
fan /fæn/	风扇，爱好者	6-12
far /fɑ:/	远的	6-11
farm /fɑ:m/	农场	6-5
farmer /'fɑ:mə/	农民	3-12
fast /fɑ:st/	快	4-12
fat /fæt/	肥胖的	1-7
father /'fɑ:ðə/	父亲	3-4
favourite /'feɪvərɪt/	最喜爱的 (美 favorite)	4-9
feel /fi:l/	感觉	5-7
fifteen /,fɪf'ti:n/	十五	3-9
fifth /fɪfθ/	第五	7-6
fifty /'fɪftɪ/	五十	6-7
fill /fɪl/	填满	6-7
film /fɪlm/	电影	5-5
find /faɪnd/	找到	1-12
fine /faɪn/	好的，晴朗的	1-10
first /fɜ:st/	第一	7-6
fish /fɪʃ/	鱼，鱼肉；钓鱼	1-7
five /faɪv/	五	1-5
floor /flɔ:/	地板	7-6

flower /'flaʊə/	花	4-11
fly /flaɪ/	放（风筝等），飞	2-9
food /fu:d/	食物	5-10
foot /fʊt/	脚（复 feet）	4-8
football /'fʊtbɔ:l/	足球	4-11
for /fɔ:/	为，给	1-11
forest /'fɒrɪst/	森林	5-10
forty /'fɔ:ti/	四十	6-3
four /fɔ:/	四	3-5
fox /fɒks/	狐狸	1-1
free /fri:/	空闲的	4-7
Friday /'fraɪdɪ/	星期五	4-7
fridge /frɪdʒ/	电冰箱	5-11
friend /frend/	朋友	3-1
frog /frɒŋ/	青蛙	1-7
from /frɒm/	从，来自	3-6
fruit /fru:t/	水果	5-9
full /fʊl/	满的	7-3
fun /fʌn/	乐趣	2-5

G

game /geɪm/	游戏	2-5
garden /'gɑ:dn/	花园	4-11
get /get/	得到，到达	2-12
girl /gɜ:l/	女孩	3-4
give /gɪv/	给	4-10
glad /glæd/	高兴的	2-1
glass /glɑ:s/	玻璃，玻璃杯	4-3
glasses /'glɑ:sɪz/	眼镜	4-3
go /gəʊ/	去	2-10
goat /gəʊt/	山羊	3-9
good /gʊd/	好的	3-3
goodbye /gʊd'baɪ/	再见	1-3
grade /greɪd/	年级	4-3

grandfather /'grænfa:ðə/	爷爷, 外公 (口 grandpa)	5-1
grandma /'grænma:/	奶奶, 外婆	2-6
grandmother /'grænmaðə/	奶奶, 外婆 (口 grandma)	5-1
grass /grɑ:s/	草	5-2
great /greɪt/	伟大的, 太棒了	2-9
green /gri:n/	绿色的	3-5
ground /graʊnd/	地面	7-6
guess /ges/	猜	3-2

H

habit /'hæbɪt/	习惯	8-1
hair /heə/	头发	4-2
half /hɑ:f/	一半	5-9
hand /hænd/	手	5-3
happy /'hæpi/	快乐的	2-11
hard /hɑ:d/	努力地; 困难的	7-9
hat /hæt/	礼帽	1-9
have /hæv/	有, 吃	2-7
he /hi:/	他	2-8
head /hed/	头	3-1
headache /'hedək/	头痛	8-1
healthy /'helθɪ/	健康的	7-4
hear /hɪə/	听见	5-11
heavy /'hevi/	重的	4-11
hello /hə'ləʊ/	你好	1-1
help /help/	帮助	2-1
hen /hen/	母鸡	1-7
her /hɜ:/	她, 她的	2-12
here /hɪə/	这里	3-10
hi /haɪ/	嗨	1-1
high /haɪ/	高的	8-2
hill /hɪl/	小山	7-4

him /hɪm/	他	2-6
his /hɪz/	他的	4-2
hole /həʊl/	洞, 孔	6-7
holiday /'hɒlədi/	假日	8-10
home /həʊm/	家	2-10
hometown /,həʊm'taʊn/	家乡, 故乡	5-11
homework /'həʊmwɜ:k/	家庭作业	4-7
hope /həʊp/	希望	6-8
horse /hɔ:s/	马	3-9
hospital /'hɒspɪtl/	医院	6-6
hot /hɒt/	热的	1-8
hour /'aʊə/	小时	8-8
house /haʊs/	房子	3-9
how /haʊ/	多么, 如何	1-5
hungry /'hʌŋɡri/	饥饿的	2-6
hut /hʌt/	小屋	2-6

I

I /aɪ/	我	1-1
ice cream /,aɪs'kri:m/	冰淇淋	5-12
idea /aɪ'diə/	主意	4-12
ill /ɪl/	生病的	4-7
in /ɪn/	在... ..里面	1-9
interesting /'ɪntrɪstɪŋ/	有趣的	6-5
into /'ɪntu:/	到... ..里	6-1
is /ɪz/	是	1-3
island /'aɪlənd/	岛	5-11
it /ɪt/	它	1-6
its /ɪts/	它的	5-10

J

jeep /dʒi:p/	吉普车	3-11
job /dʒɒb/	工作	6-1
join /dʒɔɪn/	参加	7-10
juice /dʒu:s/	果汁	5-7

jump /dʒʌmp/	跳	4-5
June /dʒu:n/	六月	7-9
just /dʒʌst/	正好, 仅仅	7-8

K

keyboard /'ki:bɔ:d/	键盘	5-3
kid /kɪd/	小孩	7-8
kilo /'ki:ləʊ/	千克	5-9
kind /kaɪnd/	和善的; 种类	6-5
kitchen /'kɪtʃɪn/	厨房	6-9
kite /kaɪt/	风筝	2-9
knock /nɒk/	敲	5-12
know /nəʊ/	知道	5-9

L

lake /leɪk/	湖	7-3
last /lɑ:st/	最后, 上一个	8-3
late /leɪt/	迟的	3-8
later /'leɪtə/	以后, 后来	8-8
laugh /lɑ:f/	笑	7-8
learn /lɜ:n/	学习	6-1
left /left/	左边	8-6
leg /leg/	腿	3-1
lesson /'lesn/	课, 功课	6-8
let /let/	让	2-2
letter /'letə/	信, 字母	1-6
library /'laɪbrəri/	图书馆	8-6
life /laɪf/	生活, 生命	8-3
light /laɪt/	灯, 光线	6-2
like /laɪk/	喜欢; 像	2-2
line /laɪn/	线	6-2
listen /'lɪsn/	听	5-5
little /'lɪtl/	小的	2-6
live /lɪv/	居住, 生活	6-4
long /lɒŋ/	长的	4-8

look /lʊk/	看	1-7
lose /lu:z/	丢失	8-4
love /lʌv/	爱	5-1
lovely /'lʌvli/	可爱的	8-7
luck /lʌk/	运气	8-5
lunch /lʌntʃ/	午饭	4-12

M

machine /mə'ʃi:n/	机器	6-12
make /meɪk/	做	2-2
man /mæn/	男人 (复 men)	4-1
manager /'mænɪdʒə/	经理	6-5
many /'meni/	许多	2-3
map /mæp/	地图	7-2
maths /mæθs/	数学 (美 math)	6-8
may /meɪ/	可以	5-2
May /meɪ/	五月	7-7
me /mi:/	我	2-1
meat /mi:t/	肉	6-1
medicine /'medɪsn/	药	6-4
meet /mi:t/	遇见	4-7
meeting /'mi:tiŋ/	会议, 集会	7-9
merry /'merɪ/	愉快的	7-8
middle /'mɪdl/	中间	8-3
milk /mɪlk/	牛奶	5-12
mine /maɪn/	我的	8-3
minute /'mɪnɪt/	分钟, 一会儿	6-11
Miss /mɪs/	小姐	1-2
mobile /'məʊbaɪl/	手机	6-12
mom /mɒm/	妈妈 (美口语)	4-5
Monday /'mʌndɪ/	星期一	6-7
money /'mʌni/	钱	5-8
monkey /'mʌŋki/	猴子	1-12
month /mʌnθ/	月份	7-7

moon /mu:n/	月亮	8-10
more /mɔ:/	较多的; 更	7-4
morning /'mɔ:nɪŋ/	早晨, 上午	3-10
mother /'mʌðə/	母亲	3-4
mouse /maʊs/	鼠, 鼠标	5-3
mouth /maʊθ/	嘴	5-3
Mr /'mɪstə/	先生	1-2
Mrs /'mɪsɪz/	夫人	1-10
Ms /mɪz/	女士	6-4
much /mʌtʃ/	多, 非常	5-7
mum /mʌm/	妈妈	1-10
music /'mju:zɪk/	音乐	5-5
must /mʌst/	必须	6-2
my /maɪ/	我的	1-3

N

name /neɪm/	名字	1-3
near /nɪə/	在... 附近	3-10
never /'nevə/	从不	7-2
new /nju:/	新的	2-9
next /nekst/	下一个	5-1
nice /naɪs/	好的	1-10
night /naɪt/	夜晚	7-7
nine /naɪn/	九	1-5
no /nəʊ/	不	1-2
noodle /'nu:dl/	面条	2-7
nose /nəʊz/	鼻子	2-10
not /nɒt/	不	1-6
now /naʊ/	现在	3-6
number /'nʌmbə/	数字	6-1
nurse /nɜ:s/	护士	3-7
nut /nʌt/	坚果	4-2

O

o'clock /ə'klɒk/	... 点钟	3-8
------------------	--------	-----

October /ɒk'təʊbə/	十月	7-8
of /ɒv/	... 的	4-8
off /ɒf/	离开, 脱离	8-3
office /'ɒfɪs/	办公室	6-4
often /'ɒfn/	经常	5-4
old /əʊld/	老的, 旧的, ... 岁的	1-5
on /ɒn/	在... 上	2-3
once /wʌns/	从前	8-2
one /wʌn/	一	1-5
only /'əʊnli/	仅仅, 只	5-5
open /'əʊpən/	开	2-6
or /ɔ:/	或者, 否则	3-7
orange /'ɒrɪndʒ/	橘子; 橘色的	4-2
other /'ʌðə/	别的, 其他的	5-10
our /'aʊə/	我们的	4-4
out /aʊt/	在外	6-4
outside /,aʊt'saɪd/	在外面	4-12
over /'əʊvə/	在那边; 结束	3-9

P

panda /'pændə/	熊猫	1-6
paper /'peɪpə/	纸	6-3
parent /'peərənt/	父(母)亲	8-10
park /pɑ:k/	公园; 停车	5-2
parrot /'pærət/	鹦鹉	4-5
party /'pɑ:tɪ/	聚会	7-1
pass /pɑ:s/	传递, 经过, 通过	8-1
PE /'pi:'i:/	体育	6-8
pear /peə/	梨	2-11
pen /pen/	钢笔	3-3
pencil /'pensl/	铅笔	3-3
people /'pi:pl/	人们	4-8
photo /'fəʊtəʊ/	照片	8-2
piano /prɪ'æniəʊ/	钢琴	5-11

pick /pɪk/	摘, 拾	6-3
picture /'pɪktʃə/	图画, 照片	4-10
pig /pɪg/	猪	1-1
ping-pong /'pɪŋpɒŋ/	乒乓球	5-1
place /pleɪs/	地方	7-3
plane /pleɪn/	飞机	3-11
plant /plɑ:nt/	种植; 植物	3-12
play /pleɪ/	玩; 戏剧	2-5
playground /'pleɪgraʊnd/	操场	5-1
please /pli:z/	请	1-4
police /pə'li:s/	警察	5-12
policeman /pə'li:smən/	警察	6-5
poor /puə/	贫穷的, 可怜的	8-4
potato /pə'tetəʊ/	土豆	5-8
present /'preznt/	礼物	7-8
protect /prə'tekt/	保护	8-3
pupil /'pju:pl/	小学生	6-3
put /put/	放	6-1

Q

queen /kwi:n/	皇后, 女王	8-9
question /'kwestʃn/	问题	6-1
quickly /'kwɪkli/	迅速地	8-4

R

rabbit /'ræbɪt/	兔子	4-12
race /reɪs/	赛跑	2-5
rain /reɪn/	雨; 下雨	7-3
raincoat /'reɪnkəʊt/	雨衣	8-8
rat /ræt/	老鼠	1-8
read /ri:d/	读	3-5
ready /'redi/	准备好的	6-4
really /'ri:əli/	真正地	4-2
red /red/	红色的	1-8
remember /rɪ'membə/	记得	4-1

rice /raɪs/	米饭	6-9
ride /raɪd/	骑	2-9
right /raɪt/	正确的; 右边	4-1
ring /rɪŋ/	(铃)响	6-11
river /'rɪvə/	江河	7-10
road /rəʊd/	路	7-9
room /ru:m/	房间	3-5
ruler /'ru:lə/	尺子	4-8
run /rʌn/	跑	2-5

S

sad /sæd/	悲伤的	1-12
same /seɪm/	相同的	7-6
Saturday /'sætədɪ/	星期六	7-2
say /seɪ/	说	4-8
school /sku:l/	学校	4-4
schoolbag /'sku:l bæɡ/	书包	3-5
science /'saɪəns/	科学	6-8
sea /si:/	海	5-11
season /'si:zn/	季节	4-9
seat /si:t/	座位	5-2
second /'sekənd/	第二; 秒	7-6
see /si:/	看见, 明白	2-4
send /send/	送, 寄, 派遣	6-12
seven /'sevn/	七	2-12
shall /ʃæl/	将要	4-7
she /ʃi:/	她	2-4
sheep /ʃi:p/	绵羊	3-5
shine /ʃaɪn/	照亮, 发亮	8-8
ship /ʃɪp/	轮船	2-3
shirt /ʃɜ:t/	衬衣	4-2
shoe /ʃu:/	鞋	4-2
shop /ʃɒp/	商店	5-7
short /ʃɔ:t/	短的, 矮的	2-2

shorts /ʃɔ:ts/	短裤	4-2	stay /steɪ/	停留	5-12
should /ʃʊd/	应该	6-3	still /stɪl/	仍然	2-10
show /ʃəʊ/	展示	5-9	stop /stɒp/	停止；(停车)站	7-9
sick /sɪk/	病的	6-4	story /'stɔ:ri/	故事	5-11
sing /sɪŋ/	唱	2-12	street /stri:t/	街道	6-2
sister /'sɪstə/	姐妹	2-8	strong /strɒŋ/	强壮的，强烈的	7-3
sit /sɪt/	坐	1-4	student /'stju:dənt/	学生	8-10
six /sɪks/	六	3-9	study /'stʌdi/	学习	4-7
skate /skeɪt/	滑冰	5-4	subject /'sʌbdʒɪkt/	学科，主题	6-8
skirt /skɜ:t/	裙子	2-2	suddenly /'sʌdnli/	突然	6-10
sky /skaɪ/	天空	7-10	summer /'sʌmə/	夏天	4-9
sleep /sli:p/	睡觉	8-1	sun /sʌn/	太阳	2-5
slow /sləʊ/	慢的	6-11	Sunday /'sʌndɪ/	星期日	3-8
small /smɔ:l/	小的	5-10	sunny /'sʌni/	晴朗的	7-1
smile /smaɪl/	微笑	6-7	supermarket /'su:pəmə:kɪt/	超市	8-4
snow /snəʊ/	雪；下雪	4-9	supper /'sʌpə/	晚餐	4-10
so /səʊ/	那么；因此	2-3	sure /ʃʊə/	一定的	4-5
sock /sɒk/	短袜	4-2	surprised /sə'praɪzd/	感到惊讶的	8-6
some /sʌm/	一些	2-7	sweater /'swetə/	毛衣	8-4
someone /'sʌmwʌn/	某人	6-10	swim /swɪm/	游泳	3-1
something /'sʌmθɪŋ/	某事(物)	5-7	T		
sometimes /'sʌmtaɪmz/	有时	5-4	table /'teɪbl/	桌子	2-7
son /sʌn/	儿子	7-2	take /teɪk/	拿	5-6
song /sɒŋ/	歌曲	6-8	talk /tɔ:k/	谈话	4-5
soon /su:n/	不久	6-8	tall /tɔ:l/	高的	5-3
sorry /'sɒri/	对不起	1-12	taxi /'tæksi/	出租汽车	8-4
sound /saʊnd/	声音	5-11	tea /ti:/	茶	5-7
soup /su:p/	汤	6-9	teacher /'ti:tʃə/	教师	3-7
speak /spi:k/	讲，说	6-1	team /ti:m/	队，组	8-8
sport /spɔ:t/	运动	5-1	telephone /'telɪfəʊn/	电话	6-11
spring /sprɪŋ/	春天	4-9	tell /tel/	告诉	5-11
stand /stænd/	站	6-10	ten /ten/	十	1-5
star /stɑ:/	星星	7-10	tennis /'tenɪs/	网球	5-1
start /stɑ:t/	开始，动身	7-9			

term /tɜ:m/	学期	4-2
than /ðæn/	比	7-7
thank /θæŋk/	谢谢	1-6
that /ðæt/	那个	1-8
the /ðə/	这个	1-7
their /ðeə/	他们的	4-11
them /ðem/	他们	4-11
then /ðen/	那么	2-2
there /ðeə/	在那里	2-3
these /ði:z/	这些	4-5
they /ðeɪ/	他们	3-5
thief /θi:f/	贼	5-12
thin /θɪn/	瘦的, 薄的	6-12
thing /θɪŋ/	东西, 事情	5-2
think /θɪŋk/	想, 认为	4-1
third /θɜ:d/	第三	7-6
thirteen /,θɜ:'ti:n/	十三	3-9
thirty /'θɜ:ti/	三十	6-6
this /ðɪs/	这个	1-8
those /ðəʊz/	那些	4-5
three /θri:/	三	2-8
throw /θrəʊ/	投掷	6-3
Thursday /'θɜ:zdi/	星期四	6-7
ticket /'tɪkɪt/	票	5-8
tiger /'taɪgə/	老虎	4-5
time /taɪm/	时间	3-8
tired /'taɪəd/	累的	8-1
to /tu:/	到	4-4
today /tə'deɪ/	今天	2-12
together /tə'geðə/	一起	3-12
toilet /'tɔɪlɪt/	厕所	6-9
tomato /tə'mɑ:təʊ/	西红柿	5-8
tomorrow /tə'mɒrəʊ/	明天	4-7
too /tu:/	也, 太	1-3

touch /tʌtʃ/	触摸	3-1
town /taʊn/	城镇	6-4
toy /tɔɪ/	玩具	2-9
train /treɪn/	火车	5-8
travel /'trævl/	旅行	8-10
tree /tri:/	树	3-5
trip /trɪp/	旅行	8-2
trousers /'traʊzəz/	裤子	4-2
try /traɪ/	尝试	6-7
Tuesday /'tju:zdi/	星期二	6-7
turn /tɜ:n/	转向, 把...变成	7-9
TV /'ti:'vi:/	电视机	5-3
twelve /twelv/	十二	3-9
twenty /'twenti/	二十	5-9
two /tu:/	二	2-5

U

umbrella /ʌm'brelə/	雨伞	8-5
uncle /'ʌŋkl/	叔, 伯, 舅等	3-12
under /'ʌndə/	在...下	3-10
up /ʌp/	向上	4-7
us /ʌs/	我们	2-2
use /ju:z/	使用	4-8
useful /'ju:sfl/	有用的	6-3
usually /'ju:ʒuəli/	通常	6-9

V

vegetable /'vedʒɪtəbl/	蔬菜	5-8
very /'veri/	非常, 很	4-7
vest /vest/	背心	2-2
village /'vɪlɪdʒ/	村庄, 乡村	5-10
visit /'vɪzɪt/	参观, 探望	8-2

W

wait /weɪt/	等待	2-6
-------------	----	-----

walk /wɔ:k/	走	4-5
wall /wɔ:l/	墙	6-12
want /wɒnt/	想要	3-12
warm /wɔ:m/	暖和的	2-12
wash /wɒʃ/	洗	4-10
watch /wɒtʃ/	手表；观看	4-1
water /'wɔ:tə/	水；浇水	4-11
way /wei/	路	6-7
we /wi:/	我们	2-6
wear /weə/	穿	8-1
weather /'weðə/	天气	7-1
Wednesday /'wenzdɪ/	星期三	6-7
week /wi:k/	星期	5-1
welcome /'welkəm/	欢迎	4-4
well /wel/	健康的；好	5-4
west /west/	西方	7-10
wet /wet/	湿的	7-4
what /wɒt/	什么	1-4
wheat /wi:t/	麦子	3-12
when /wen/	什么时候	6-8
where /weə/	在哪里	2-3
which /wɪtʃ/	哪个	6-5
white /waɪt/	白色的	1-9
who /hu:/	谁	2-6
whose /hu:z/	谁的	4-1
why /waɪ/	为什么	2-9
wife /waɪf/	妻子	6-4
will /wɪl/	将要	7-1
wind /wɪnd/	风	7-3
window /'wɪndəʊ/	窗	7-10
windy /'wɪndɪ/	有风的	7-3
winter /'wɪntə/	冬天	4-9
with /wɪð/	和，用	2-4
woman /'wʊmən/	妇女（复 women）	3-7

wonderful /'wʌndəfl/	极好的	6-12
word /wɜ:d/	单词	7-9
work /wɜ:k/	工作	3-12
worker /'wɜ:kə/	工人	3-7
world /wɜ:ld/	世界	8-3
worry /'wʌrɪ/	担忧	5-8
would /wʊd/	将要	5-7
write /raɪt/	写	5-3
wrong /rɒŋ/	错误的	5-8

Y

year /jɪə/	年	7-7
yellow /'jeləʊ/	黄色的	1-12
yes /jes/	是的	1-2
yesterday /'jestədi/	昨天	7-9
you /ju:/	你（们）	1-2
young /jʌŋ/	年轻的	8-4
your /jɔ:/	你（们）的	1-4

Z

zoo /zu:/	动物园	8-3
-----------	-----	-----

【注】红色词是课标规定的重点词。



后 记


本套教材于2001年8月经国家教育部审查通过。在十余年的使用过程中，受到了基层学校和广大师生的欢迎。2011年在教育部的统一部署下，我们对教材进行了全面修订，使之更具有中国特色、更符合时代特点和更能体现素质教育的要求。

我们主要从以下几方面对教材进行了修订：①更加注重教材的思想性，选入了一些新的、有利于少年儿童道德品质教育的材料；②增加了贴近学生生活实际的听说材料，为学生提供更多的语言实践机会；③加强了知识的复现，在复习课中增加了 Let's talk 版块和 Self-assessment 版块，对学过的知识进行系统复习；④降低了难度，删去了新课标不要求掌握的教学内容，修改了较长、较难的阅读文章并删去了部分较难单词；⑤删去了部分较难的歌曲和歌谣，重新编入了更加新颖有趣的游戏和活动。

本套教材为三年级起点教材，仍保持原教材的编写体例，全套教材共8册，供小学3~6年级共四个学年使用。本册10课，其中第5课和第10课为复习课，其余为新课。新课采取“一课一话题、一课一句型、一课一活动、一课一阅读”的编排方式，结构与功能相结合。通过语言实践学习语言知识，使学生的语言运用能力得到切实的提高。

本册教材中选用的图片，有一部分未能与作者取得联系，恳请入选图片的作者与我们联系，以便支付稿酬。

在本套教材的编写过程中，姜雪、孙房雪、刘月平等参与了具体编写和修订工作。



英语

ENGLISH

六年级下册

科学普及出版社出版

北京市海淀区中关村南大街16号 邮政编码: 100081

中国科学技术出版社有限公司发行部发行

郑州市欣隆印刷有限公司印刷

*

开本:787毫米×1092毫米 1/16 印张:5.5 字数:140千字

2016年1月第1版 2021年1月第24次印刷

印数:1999 301-2391 100册

ISBN 978-7-110-09264-4/G·3888

(如有印装质量问题,请与印刷厂联系调换。
联系电话: 0371-68950178 68950325)

ISBN 978-7-110-09264-4 1 1 >



9 787110 092644

定价: 5.25元



绿色印刷产品

批准文号: 豫发改收费 [2016] 984号

举报电话: 12358